Telangana

Basic MCQ practice

40 original MCQs + explained answers

State GK and state-linked general studies, in one PDF.

Foundation level: direct recall, simple concepts and one-step applications. Useful for building the state-GK component of entry-level recruitment preparation.

These are original practice questions, not previous-year questions or an official mock. This focused first collection does not replace an exam-specific syllabus.

Language: English. Core focus: history, geography, heritage, governance, development, environment and institutions.

This edition emphasises stable concepts. It is not a current-affairs digest; verify changing schemes, office-holders, district boundaries and budget figures separately.

How to use this book

Attempt every item before opening the answers. Record uncertain answers and revise the explanation. One correct option per question; no official marking scheme is implied.

Research and scope - page 2
Start practice - page 3
Answers and explanations - page 13
Source register - page 21

What the exam research tells us

Foundation exam evidence

The official Group IV scheme lists General Studies and Secretarial Abilities, each with 150 questions. Indexed syllabus text includes Telangana history, movement, geography, economy, culture, reasoning and arithmetic. Direct PDF retrieval failed. Basic means foundation difficulty here, not educational eligibility. This collection supplements the state-GS component. [EX1]

Higher exam evidence

The 2024 Group I syllabus includes governance, social exclusion, Telangana culture, reasoning and data interpretation. An official note confirms descriptive mains and qualifying General English. We use verified themes and formats, without claiming full current coverage. Indexed official text was readable; direct PDF retrieval was unreliable. [EX2, EX3]

Practice design

Basic uses recall and one-step aptitude. Advanced adds chronology, statements, hypothetical data and policy applications. Mains has eight analytical prompts and models. Difficulty, timings, word targets and 10-mark rubrics are editorial choices. All questions are original practice, not PYQs, complete mocks or predictions. Past-question frequency was not measured.

Telangana focus

Formation, the statehood movement, Kakatiya and Qutb Shahi heritage, festivals, crafts, rivers, forests, coal and tank irrigation anchor this collection. Primary sources support facts. Administrative cases and datasets are hypothetical. Policy proposals are editorial. Programme objectives are distinguished from measured outcomes; cultural associations do not imply universal practices.

Dates and limits

Checked 29 October 2026. Older sources retain former names and statistics. Changing vacancies, office-holders and wildlife totals are excluded. Follow the applicable notification. National GS, current affairs, language and broader aptitude preparation remain necessary.

Try first - check answers later

01 / Capital

Which city is the capital of Telangana?

A. Warangal
B. Hyderabad
C. Karimnagar
D. Nizamabad

02 / Formation Day

Telangana Formation Day is observed on which date?

A. 1 May
B. 1 November
C. 15 August
D. 2 June

03 / Formation year

Telangana became a separate state in which year?

A. 1956
B. 1969
C. 2000
D. 2014

04 / Reorganisation

Telangana was carved out of which state?

A. Andhra Pradesh
B. Karnataka
C. Maharashtra
D. Tamil Nadu

Try first - check answers later

05 / Historical milestone

Telangana merged with Andhra State to form Andhra Pradesh in which year?

A. 1947
B. 1969
C. 1956
D. 2014

06 / Statehood movement

Which year marks a major early agitation for separate Telangana?

A. 1757
B. 1969
C. 1857
D. 1991

07 / Tribal history

Komaram Bheem is especially associated with which community?

A. Toda
B. Khasi
C. Gond
D. Bodo

08 / Historical memory

Jodeghat is particularly associated with whose memorial?

A. Akbar
B. Ashoka
C. Komaram Bheem
D. Rajaraja I

Try first - check answers later

09 / Kakatiya history

Which city was a capital of the Kakatiyas?

A. Panaji
B. Patna
C. Delhi
D. Warangal

10 / World Heritage

Ramappa Temple belongs chiefly to which historical tradition?

A. Gupta
B. Lodi
C. Maurya
D. Kakatiya

11 / Temple location

Ramappa Temple is located at which village?

A. Sanchi
B. Palampet
C. Bodh Gaya
D. Hampi

12 / Heritage date

Ramappa Temple entered the World Heritage List in which year?

A. 1983
B. 2021
C. 2014
D. 1999

Try first - check answers later

13 / Hyderabad heritage

Who commissioned Charminar?

A. Muhammad Quli Qutb Shah
B. Shah Jahan
C. Rajaraja I
D. Krishnadevaraya

14 / Charminar chronology

Charminar was constructed in which year?

A. 1591
B. 1948
C. 1757
D. 1213

15 / Floral festival

Which Telangana festival features arranged flower stacks and group songs?

A. Lohri
B. Bathukamma
C. Bihu
D. Onam

16 / Festival traditions

Bonalu is particularly associated with worship of whom?

A. Goddess Mahakali
B. Lord Vithoba only
C. Lord Ayyappa only
D. Lord Jagannath only

Try first - check answers later

17 / Medaram

Medaram Jathara honours which pair?

A. Ganga and Yamuna
B. Radha and Rukmini
C. Sita and Urmila
D. Sammakka and Saralamma

18 / Performance tradition

Perini Sivatandavam is often described as what?

A. A weaving pattern
B. A river festival
C. Dance of warriors
D. A metal-inlay method

19 / Oral traditions

Oggu Katha is primarily associated with which activity?

A. Narrative singing and storytelling
B. Stone polishing only
C. Coal drilling
D. Deep-sea fishing

20 / Handlooms

Pochampally is especially associated with which textile tradition?

A. Pashmina only
B. Ikat
C. Kanjeevaram only
D. Chanderi only

Try first - check answers later

21 / Scroll art

Cheriyal is particularly associated with what?

A. Shipbuilding
B. Petroleum refining
C. Scroll painting
D. Tea processing

22 / Traditional crafts

Nirmal is particularly associated with which craft?

A. Marble mining only
B. Paintings and painted wooden articles
C. Coral jewellery only
D. Sea-salt production only

23 / River systems

Which two major rivers drain Telangana?

A. Narmada and Tapi
B. Ganga and Yamuna
C. Beas and Sutlej
D. Godavari and Krishna

24 / Urban river

Which river flows through Hyderabad?

A. Jhelum
B. Sabarmati
C. Musi
D. Hooghly

Try first - check answers later

25 / Tributaries

The Musi is a tributary of which river?

A. Krishna
B. Godavari
C. Narmada
D. Mahanadi

26 / Plateau geography

Telangana lies mainly within which plateau region?

A. Deccan Plateau
B. Meghalaya Plateau
C. Tibetan Plateau
D. Chota Nagpur Plateau

27 / Seasonality

Most major-river flows described by the state irrigation account occur during which monsoon?

A. Northeast monsoon only
B. Spring snowmelt season
C. Southwest monsoon
D. Winter snowfall season

28 / State bird

What is Telangana's state bird, Palapitta?

A. Indian roller
B. Indian peafowl
C. Great hornbill
D. Sarus crane

Try first - check answers later

29 / State flower

Which is Telangana's state flower?

A. Lotus
B. Rhododendron
C. Tangedu
D. Blue poppy

30 / State tree

Which is Telangana's state tree?

A. Coconut
B. Banyan
C. Deodar
D. Jammi Chettu

31 / Forest geography

Amrabad Tiger Reserve is associated with which hills?

A. Patkai
B. Aravalli
C. Nallamala
D. Khasi

32 / Protected areas

Which pair consists of Telangana tiger reserves?

A. Ranthambore and Sariska
B. Kawal and Amrabad
C. Kaziranga and Manas
D. Corbett and Rajaji

Try first - check answers later

33 / Mineral economy

Singareni Collieries is principally associated with which mineral?

A. Diamond
B. Bauxite
C. Gold
D. Coal

34 / Coal geography

Singareni coal reserves are associated with which valley?

A. Pranahita-Godavari
B. Doon
C. Kangra
D. Kashmir

35 / Tank irrigation

Mission Kakatiya was designed mainly for what?

A. Construction of seaports
B. Replacement of all schools
C. Restoration of minor-irrigation tanks
D. Expansion of glaciers

36 / Water management

Which work belongs to tank restoration?

A. Repairing feeder channels and sluices
B. Filling the tank bed with buildings
C. Blocking every inflow
D. Removing all drainage outlets

Try first - check answers later

37 / Percentage

In a hypothetical library, 30% of 240 books concern Telangana. How many books is that?

A. 96
B. 60
C. 80
D. 72

38 / Ratio

A hypothetical Rs 3600 grant is split 5:4. What is the larger share?

A. Rs 2400
B. Rs 2000
C. Rs 1800
D. Rs 1600

39 / Number pattern

Complete this sequence: 7, 14, 28, 56, ...

A. 84
B. 63
C. 98
D. 112

40 / Chronology

Which occurred earliest?

A. Telangana state formation
B. Charminar construction
C. 1956 merger
D. 1969 agitation

Answer key + explanations

01 / Answer B

Hyderabad. The state profile identifies Hyderabad as the capital.

Evidence: H1

02 / Answer D

2 June. The state came into being on 2 June 2014.

Evidence: H1

03 / Answer D

2014. The state profile records formation in 2014.

Evidence: H1

04 / Answer A

Andhra Pradesh. The profile describes the separation from Andhra Pradesh.

Evidence: H1

05 / Answer C

1956. The profile dates this merger to 1 November 1956.

Evidence: H1

Answer key + explanations

06 / Answer B

1969. The government-college curriculum explicitly covers the 1969 movement.

Evidence: H2

07 / Answer C

Gond. The Ministry of Tourism identifies him as a Gond leader.

Evidence: H3

08 / Answer C

Komaram Bheem. The official festival account describes the memorial at Jodeghat.

Evidence: H3

09 / Answer D

Warangal. The state culture account identifies Warangal as their capital.

Evidence: C3

10 / Answer D

Kakatiya. UNESCO identifies it as a Kakatiya temple.

Evidence: C1

Answer key + explanations

11 / Answer B

Palampet. UNESCO locates it in Palampet.

Evidence: C1

12 / Answer B

2021. UNESCO records inscription in 2021.

Evidence: C1

13 / Answer A

Muhammad Quli Qutb Shah. The district account identifies Muhammad Quli Qutb Shah.

Evidence: C2

14 / Answer A

1591. The Hyderabad district account dates it to 1591.

Evidence: C2

15 / Answer B

Bathukamma. The state culture account describes floral arrangements and collective singing.

Evidence: C3

Answer key + explanations

16 / Answer A

Goddess Mahakali. The official culture account associates Bonalu with Mahakali.

Evidence: C3

17 / Answer D

Sammakka and Saralamma. The district account identifies the Sammakka-Saralamma festival.

Evidence: C5

18 / Answer C

Dance of warriors. The state culture page uses this description for Perini.

Evidence: C3

19 / Answer A

Narrative singing and storytelling. The official accounts describe it as a narrative performance tradition.

Evidence: C3, C4

20 / Answer B

Ikat. State Tourism identifies Pochampally Ikat textiles.

Evidence: C4

Answer key + explanations

21 / Answer C

Scroll painting. State Tourism identifies Cheriyal scroll paintings.

Evidence: C4

22 / Answer B

Paintings and painted wooden articles. The state culture account describes Nirmal paintings and wooden articles.

Evidence: C3

23 / Answer D

Godavari and Krishna. The Irrigation Department identifies Godavari and Krishna.

Evidence: G1

24 / Answer C

Musi. The district economy page identifies the Musi.

Evidence: G2

25 / Answer A

Krishna. The Hyderabad district account places the Musi in the Krishna system.

Evidence: G2

Answer key + explanations

26 / Answer A

Deccan Plateau. The state culture and irrigation accounts place it on the Deccan uplands.

Evidence: C3, G1

27 / Answer C

Southwest monsoon. The department highlights June–September southwest-monsoon flows.

Evidence: G1

28 / Answer A

Indian roller. The official symbols page identifies the Indian roller.

Evidence: N1

29 / Answer C

Tangedu. The symbols page identifies Tangedu, also called Tanner's cassia.

Evidence: N1

30 / Answer D

Jammi Chettu. The official page identifies Jammi Chettu, Prosopis cineraria.

Evidence: N1

Answer key + explanations

31 / Answer C

Nallamala. The WII-NTCA profile places Amrabad in the Nallamala Hills.

Evidence: N3

32 / Answer B

Kawal and Amrabad. The state Forest Department lists Kawal and Amrabad.

Evidence: N2

33 / Answer D

Coal. SCCL describes itself as a government coal-mining company.

Evidence: E1

34 / Answer A

Pranahita-Godavari. The company profile locates its coal reserves along the Pranahita-Godavari Valley.

Evidence: E1

35 / Answer C

Restoration of minor-irrigation tanks. The programme design emphasises restoring tanks and associated infrastructure.

Evidence: D1

Answer key + explanations

36 / Answer A

Repairing feeder channels and sluices. The programme lists channels, bunds, weirs and sluices among restoration works.

Evidence: D1

37 / Answer D

72. 240 x 30/100 = 72. The data are invented.

Evidence: Editorial arithmetic; EX1 skill

38 / Answer B

Rs 2000. The larger share is 5/9 x 3600 = 2000.

Evidence: Editorial arithmetic; EX1 skill

39 / Answer D

112. Each term doubles.

Evidence: Editorial reasoning; EX1 skill

40 / Answer B

Charminar construction. The respective years are 1591, 1956, 1969 and 2014.

Evidence: C2, H1, H2

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

EX1 / Commission: Group IV scheme and syllabus, 2022 document

websitenew.tspsc.gov.in

EX2 / Commission: Group I notification 02/2024 and syllabus

websitenew.tspsc.gov.in

EX3 / Commission: Group I 2024 mains schedule and descriptive format

websitenew.tspsc.gov.in

H1 / State portal: formation, capital and historical milestones

www.telangana.gov.in

H2 / Tribal Welfare college: Telangana history learning outcomes

tgtwrdcs.telangana.gov.in

H3 / Ministry of Tourism: Kumaram Bheem festival and Jodeghat

www.utsav.gov.in

C1 / UNESCO: Kakatiya Rudreshwara / Ramappa Temple

whc.unesco.org

C2 / Hyderabad district: Charminar and its patron

hyderabad.telangana.gov.in

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

C3 / State portal: language, performance traditions and festivals

www.telangana.gov.in

C4 / State Tourism: textiles, scroll paintings and oral traditions

tourism.telangana.gov.in

C5 / Mulugu district: Medaram Jathara

mulugu.telangana.gov.in

G1 / Irrigation Department: river systems and seasonal flows

www.telangana.gov.in

G2 / Hyderabad district: Musi and the Krishna river system

hyderabad.telangana.gov.in

N1 / State portal: bird, tree, flower and animal symbols

www.telangana.gov.in

N2 / Forest Department: protected areas and tiger reserves

forests.telangana.gov.in

N3 / WII / NTCA: illustrative tiger-reserve profiles, Amrabad

ntca.gov.in

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

E1 / SCCL: company profile and Pranahita-Godavari coal reserves

scclmines.com

D1 / State portal: Mission Kakatiya objectives and tank works

www.telangana.gov.in

Read sources in context

EX1 and EX2 were readable through indexed official text; direct downloads failed. EX3 supports the descriptive mains format and qualifying English. Historical documents are not a promise of unchanged future rules. No past-paper frequency analysis is claimed.

H2 is a government-college curriculum, used for the 1969 movement and forms of mobilisation. Cultural sources support associations, not universal beliefs. Tourism legends and claims that festival flowers automatically purify water are not treated as scientific evidence.

Older sources retain former district names and dated wildlife or programme totals. N3 is used for habitat and community context, not a present census. D1 provides programme design, not proof of benefits or a current completion report.