Mizoram

Basic MCQ practice

40 original MCQs + explained answers

State GK and state-linked general studies, in one PDF.

Foundation level: direct recall, simple concepts and one-step applications. Useful for building the state-GK component of entry-level recruitment preparation.

These are original practice questions, not previous-year questions or an official mock. This focused first collection does not replace an exam-specific syllabus.

Language: English. Core focus: history, geography, heritage, governance, development, environment and institutions.

This edition emphasises stable concepts. It is not a current-affairs digest; verify changing schemes, office-holders, district boundaries and budget figures separately.

How to use this book

Attempt every item before opening the answers. Record uncertain answers and revise the explanation. One correct option per question; no official marking scheme is implied.

Research and scope - page 2
Start practice - page 3
Answers and explanations - page 13
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What the exam research tells us

Entry-level exam evidence

The Excise Department publishes a Group C syllabus covering Mizo history/culture, wider GK, English, arithmetic and reasoning, with essay and comprehension components. It explicitly applies to posts where computer proficiency is not essential, subject to relevant rules. This English foundation book samples these skills; it is not a complete driver or Group C mock. [EX1]

Higher-level exam evidence

The official 2025 civil-services rules specify objective prelims in GS and aptitude, followed by descriptive mains. GS-V is a Mizoram paper covering culture, history, geography, administration and development. We read the rules and schedule; consult the applicable later scheme and amendments for exact recruitment requirements. [EX2]

Three editorial levels

Basic offers direct recall and one-step tasks. Advanced adds statements, chronology, evidence and calculations. Mains has eight analytical prompts with model responses and suggested 10-mark rubrics. Difficulty, timings and word targets are editorial choices. All questions are original; no previous-paper or frequency analysis is claimed.

State topics and evidence

Coverage combines statehood, the Peace Accord, Article 371G, ADCs, festivals, Cheraw, bamboo, rivers, peaks, wetlands and wildlife. Official government, district, constitutional and Ramsar sources anchor facts. Historical ecological descriptions are not current field surveys. Sample datasets, policy choices and ethical cases are labelled as editorial exercises.

Scope and revision

Checked 29 October 2026. This focused state-GK and GS collection does not replace a full exam syllabus or current-affairs study. Verify schemes, office-holders, boundaries and recruitment instructions separately. Source titles are clickable. Apply actual governing rules to administrative cases; historical tourism descriptions are not present-day access advice.

Try first - check answers later

01 / Statehood

Mizoram became a full-fledged state on which date?

A. 21 January 1972
B. 30 June 1986
C. 20 February 1987
D. 1 May 1960

02 / Political transition

Mizoram became a Union Territory in which year?

A. 1987
B. 1947
C. 1960
D. 1972

03 / Capital

Which city is Mizoram's capital?

A. Agartala
B. Aizawl
C. Kohima
D. Shillong

04 / Peace Accord

The Mizoram Peace Accord was signed on which date?

A. 26 January 1950
B. 15 August 1947
C. 30 June 1986
D. 20 February 1987

Try first - check answers later

05 / Accord signatory

Who signed the 1986 Accord on behalf of the Mizo National Front?

A. R. D. Pradhan
B. Laldenga
C. Ch. Chhunga
D. Rajiv Gandhi

06 / Accord commemoration

Remna Ni is associated with which event?

A. First railway journey to Delhi
B. Foundation of the United Nations
C. Creation of a marine sanctuary
D. Signing of the Mizoram Peace Accord

07 / State formation

Before its Union Territory phase, Mizoram was part of which state?

A. Bihar
B. Assam
C. West Bengal
D. Odisha

08 / International borders

Which two countries border Mizoram?

A. China and Nepal
B. Bhutan and Bangladesh
C. Bangladesh and Myanmar
D. Nepal and Bhutan

Try first - check answers later

09 / Indian neighbours

Which set contains Mizoram's three neighbouring Indian states?

A. Manipur, Nagaland and Arunachal Pradesh
B. Tripura, West Bengal and Bihar
C. Assam, Meghalaya and Sikkim
D. Assam, Manipur and Tripura

10 / Constitution

Which Article contains special provisions for Mizoram?

A. Article 371A
B. Article 356
C. Article 370
D. Article 371G

11 / Constitutional amendment

Article 371G was inserted by which amendment?

A. Fifty-third Amendment
B. Eighty-sixth Amendment
C. Forty-second Amendment
D. Seventy-third Amendment

12 / District councils

Which set names Mizoram's three Autonomous District Councils?

A. Lai, Mara and Chakma
B. Khasi, Jaintia and Garo
C. Lushai, Assam and Tripura
D. Shillong, Aizawl and Kohima

Try first - check answers later

13 / Council framework

Mizoram's ADC framework is associated with which Schedule?

A. Twelfth Schedule
B. Tenth Schedule
C. Sixth Schedule
D. Eighth Schedule

14 / Dance

Cheraw is commonly known as which dance?

A. Lion dance
B. Mask dance
C. Peacock dance
D. Bamboo dance

15 / Festival setting

Chapchar Kut is linked especially with which agricultural stage?

A. After clearing for jhum, before later cultivation work
B. Deep-sea fishing season
C. Winter glacier harvesting
D. Only the final harvest of wheat in Punjab

16 / Harvest festival

Which festival is described as occurring after harvests are over?

A. Onam
B. Chapchar Kut
C. Holi
D. Pawl Kut

Try first - check answers later

17 / Community festival

Lyuva Khutla is especially associated with which community?

A. Bodo
B. Mara
C. Khasi
D. Toda

18 / Cultivation

Jhum is a form of what?

A. Glacier irrigation
B. Deep-sea aquaculture
C. Shifting cultivation
D. Underground mining

19 / Bamboo and food security

Mautam is associated with which phenomenon?

A. Permanent freezing of rivers
B. Mass bamboo flowering and associated famine risk
C. A volcanic eruption cycle
D. A cyclone category in the Arabian Sea

20 / Bamboo history

Which year is recorded as a past Mautam-related flowering year?

A. 2013
B. 1959
C. 1987
D. 1991

Try first - check answers later

21 / Highest peak

Which is Mizoram's highest peak?

A. Anamudi
B. Kalsubai
C. Doddabetta
D. Phawngpui

22 / Mountain name

Phawngpui is also known as what?

A. Golden Peak
B. Red Hill
C. Black Mountain
D. Blue Mountain

23 / Tiger reserve geography

Dampa Tiger Reserve is associated with which district?

A. Mamit
B. Saitual
C. Lawngtlai
D. Serchhip

24 / Protected areas

Which pair consists of national parks in Mizoram?

A. Keoladeo and Dachigam
B. Murlen and Phawngpui
C. Kaziranga and Gir
D. Periyar and Ranthambore

Try first - check answers later

25 / State animal

Which animal is identified as Mizoram's state animal?

A. Blackbuck
B. Nilgai
C. Sangai
D. Serow

26 / State bird

Which is Mizoram's state bird?

A. Sarus crane
B. Hume's pheasant
C. Indian peafowl
D. Great hornbill

27 / Ramsar recognition

Pala Wetland's Ramsar designation date falls in which year?

A. 2021
B. 1990
C. 1987
D. 2013

28 / Lake geography

Palak Dil is associated with which district in the cited profile?

A. Mamit
B. Serchhip
C. Siaha
D. Kolasib

Try first - check answers later

29 / Tamdil

Tamdil is situated near which place?

A. Saitual
B. Champhai
C. Thenzawl
D. Tlabung

30 / Cross-border cultural geography

Rih Dil, significant in Mizo cultural memory, is located in which country?

A. Bhutan
B. Myanmar
C. Bangladesh
D. Nepal

31 / Waterfalls

Vantawng Falls is associated with which nearby town?

A. Saitual
B. Kolasib
C. Thenzawl
D. Mamit

32 / River names

Chhimtuipui is also known as which river?

A. Periyar
B. Kolodyne
C. Teesta
D. Subansiri

Try first - check answers later

33 / Primary sector

Cultivating anthurium flowers for sale primarily belongs to which sector?

A. Quaternary
B. Tertiary
C. Primary
D. Secondary

34 / Percentage

A hypothetical Aizawl course has 250 learners. If 20% join one batch, how many is that?

A. 100
B. 75
C. 25
D. 50

35 / Ratio

Two sample funds share Rs 1,200 in the ratio 1:3. What is the larger share?

A. Rs 900
B. Rs 600
C. Rs 800
D. Rs 300

36 / Reasoning

Complete: 4, 8, 16, 32, __.

A. 64
B. 48
C. 60
D. 56

Try first - check answers later

37 / Computer basics

Which spreadsheet function returns the largest numeric value in E2 to E7?

A. =COUNT(E2:E7)
B. =MIN(E2:E7)
C. =MAX(E2:E7)
D. =SUM(E2:E7)

38 / English

Choose the correct verb: The volunteers ___ ready to help.

A. are
B. is
C. has
D. was

39 / Conservation

Protecting a species in its natural habitat is called what?

A. Urban reclamation
B. Ex-situ conservation only
C. In-situ conservation
D. Mineral processing

40 / Chronology

Which milestone happened earliest?

A. Mizoram's Union Territory phase began
B. Pala Wetland was designated under Ramsar
C. Mizoram gained statehood
D. Mizoram Peace Accord was signed

Answer key + explanations

01 / Answer C

20 February 1987. The Assembly history records statehood on 20 February 1987.

Evidence: H2

02 / Answer D

1972. The Union Territory stage preceded full statehood in 1987.

Evidence: H1

03 / Answer B

Aizawl. The official Peace Accord account identifies Aizawl as the capital.

Evidence: H3

04 / Answer C

30 June 1986. The accord and statehood are different milestones.

Evidence: H3, H2

05 / Answer B

Laldenga. The Lok Bhavan account names Laldenga as the MNF signatory.

Evidence: H3

Answer key + explanations

06 / Answer D

Signing of the Mizoram Peace Accord. Remna Ni commemorates the Peace Accord.

Evidence: H3

07 / Answer B

Assam. The official profile describes its earlier status within Assam.

Evidence: H1

08 / Answer C

Bangladesh and Myanmar. Mizoram borders Bangladesh to the west and Myanmar to the east and south.

Evidence: H1, N3

09 / Answer D

Assam, Manipur and Tripura. The profile lists Assam, Manipur and Tripura.

Evidence: H1

10 / Answer D

Article 371G. Article 371G is the Mizoram-specific provision.

Evidence: P1

Answer key + explanations

11 / Answer A

Fifty-third Amendment. The Constitution footnote identifies the Fifty-third Amendment Act, 1986.

Evidence: P1

12 / Answer A

Lai, Mara and Chakma. These are distinct ADC institutions, not the names of all ordinary districts.

Evidence: P2

13 / Answer C

Sixth Schedule. The official council history describes the Sixth Schedule framework.

Evidence: P2

14 / Answer D

Bamboo dance. Bamboo staves are used in Cheraw performance.

Evidence: C1

15 / Answer A

After clearing for jhum, before later cultivation work. The tourism source places Chapchar Kut after clearing for jhum cultivation.

Evidence: C2

Answer key + explanations

16 / Answer D

Pawl Kut. Pawl Kut is a harvest celebration in the cited account.

Evidence: C2

17 / Answer B

Mara. The Tourism Department describes it as an important Mara thanksgiving festival.

Evidence: C2

18 / Answer C

Shifting cultivation. Jhum involves shifting cultivation; local systems and conditions vary.

Evidence: EX2, C2; general geography

19 / Answer B

Mass bamboo flowering and associated famine risk. The historical bamboo policy links Mautam with flowering and food insecurity.

Evidence: N1

20 / Answer B

1959. The historical policy lists 1959 among recorded flowering years.

Evidence: N1

Answer key + explanations

21 / Answer D

Phawngpui. The Lawngtlai district source identifies Phawngpui as the highest peak.

Evidence: N2

22 / Answer D

Blue Mountain. The government profile uses the name Blue Mountain.

Evidence: H1

23 / Answer A

Mamit. The Forest Department lists the reserve's field administration in Mamit.

Evidence: N3

24 / Answer B

Murlen and Phawngpui. Both Murlen and Phawngpui are listed by the Forest Department.

Evidence: N3, G3

25 / Answer D

Serow. The forest source and Tribal Atlas identify the serow.

Evidence: N3, N6

Answer key + explanations

26 / Answer B

Hume's pheasant. The Tribal Atlas identifies Hume's bar-tailed pheasant as the state bird.

Evidence: N6

27 / Answer A

2021. The Ramsar record gives 31 August 2021.

Evidence: N5

28 / Answer C

Siaha. The profile locates Palak Dil in Siaha; spellings in older records may vary.

Evidence: H1

29 / Answer A

Saitual. The district page locates Tamdil near Saitual village.

Evidence: G1

30 / Answer B

Myanmar. Cultural significance does not mean the lake lies inside Mizoram's boundary.

Evidence: H1

Answer key + explanations

31 / Answer C

Thenzawl. The Serchhip district source describes Vantawng near Thenzawl.

Evidence: G2

32 / Answer B

Kolodyne. The state profile uses Kolodyne as another name for Chhimtuipui.

Evidence: H1

33 / Answer C

Primary. Flower cultivation is horticulture, a primary-sector activity.

Evidence: C2 for state context; editorial economics

34 / Answer D

50. 250 x 20/100 = 50. Figures are hypothetical.

Evidence: Editorial arithmetic

35 / Answer A

Rs 900. Three of four equal parts: 1,200 x 3/4 = Rs 900.

Evidence: Editorial arithmetic

Answer key + explanations

36 / Answer A

64. Each term doubles.

Evidence: Editorial reasoning

37 / Answer C

=MAX(E2:E7). MAX returns the largest value; SUM and COUNT perform different operations.

Evidence: Editorial digital-literacy supplement

38 / Answer A

are. The plural subject volunteers takes are.

Evidence: Editorial language practice

39 / Answer C

In-situ conservation. In situ means within the natural habitat.

Evidence: Editorial general science

40 / Answer A

Mizoram's Union Territory phase began. The respective years are 1972, 1986, 1987 and 2021.

Evidence: H1–H3, N5

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

EX1 / Excise Department: Group C syllabus and its stated limits

excise.mizoram.gov.in

EX2 / Mizoram PSC: Civil Services combined examination rules, 2025

mpsc.mizoram.gov.in

H1 / Protocol Department: Mizoram profile, borders and rivers

protocol.mizoram.gov.in

H2 / Legislative Assembly: political and statehood history

www.mizoramassembly.in

H3 / Lok Bhavan: Peace Accord date and signatories

rajbhavan.mizoram.gov.in

P1 / Legislative Department: Constitution, Article 371G

www.legislative.gov.in

P2 / Lai ADC: history and Sixth Schedule council framework

ladc.mizoram.gov.in

C1 / IGNCA: Cheraw and other arts of Mizoram

ignca.gov.in

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C2 / Tourism Department: traditional festivals

tourism.mizoram.gov.in

N1 / Mizoram Gazette: bamboo policy and Mautam history

mizoramassembly.in

N2 / Lawngtlai district: Phawngpui, highest peak

lawngtlai.nic.in

N3 / Forest Department: wildlife and protected areas

forest.mizoram.gov.in

N4 / Forest Department: Dampa Wildlife Sanctuary

forest.mizoram.gov.in

N5 / Ramsar Sites Information Service: Pala Wetland

rsis.ramsar.org

N6 / Tribal Affairs repository: Tribal Atlas of Mizoram, state symbols

repository.tribal.gov.in

G1 / Saitual district: Tamdil

saitual.nic.in

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Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

G2 / Serchhip district: Thenzawl and Vantawng-Tuirihiau

dcserchhip.mizoram.gov.in

G3 / Forest Department: Murlen National Park

forest.mizoram.gov.in

Read sources in context

EX1 is a post-sensitive departmental syllabus with explicit limits; computer proficiency and other requirements may differ by recruitment. EX2 is the 2025 civil-services rulebook; read later schemes and amendments together. Practice marks here are editorial.

P1 is an official Constitution edition; consult Article 371G itself for its enumerated subjects, Assembly-resolution requirement and proviso. P2 concerns ADCs, a distinct institutional framework. Neither should be reduced to a claim of unlimited autonomy.

N1 is a historical bamboo-policy source, not a prediction of the next flowering event. N5 uses the Ramsar designation date, distinct from later announcements. Site area includes catchment and must not be treated as lake-water area. All sample figures are hypothetical.