Manipur

Basic MCQ practice

40 original MCQs + explained answers

State GK and state-linked general studies, in one PDF.

Foundation level: direct recall, simple concepts and one-step applications. Useful for building the state-GK component of entry-level recruitment preparation.

These are original practice questions, not previous-year questions or an official mock. This focused first collection does not replace an exam-specific syllabus.

Language: English. Core focus: history, geography, heritage, governance, development, environment and institutions.

This edition emphasises stable concepts. It is not a current-affairs digest; verify changing schemes, office-holders, district boundaries and budget figures separately.

How to use this book

Attempt every item before opening the answers. Record uncertain answers and revise the explanation. One correct option per question; no official marking scheme is implied.

Research and scope - page 2
Start practice - page 3
Answers and explanations - page 13
Source register - page 21

What the exam research tells us

Higher-level exam evidence

The official 2022 Manipur civil-services syllabus has objective prelims in GS and aptitude, followed by mains covering essay, GS, ethics and qualifying English. It supports factual, analytical and case-based preparation. This dated document guides the collection; check the applicable notification for later revisions. [EX1]

Entry-level research limit

An official recruitment-scheme gazette was located, but its PDF could not be retrieved reliably. No universal Group C pattern, marks or topic frequency is inferred from it. Basic questions are editorial foundation practice in state GK, arithmetic, reasoning, English and digital literacy, not an official entry-level mock. [EX2]

How the levels differ

Basic offers direct recall and one-step tasks. Advanced combines chronology, statements, evidence, data and policy choices. Mains provides eight analytical prompts with model responses and suggested 10-mark rubrics. Difficulty, timings and word targets are editorial choices; all questions are original, not previous-year questions.

State topics and evidence

Coverage includes statehood, Khongjom, Nupi Lan, Moirang, Kangla, women traders, living arts, Loktak, Sangai and Shirui. District and government sources establish factual anchors. Ramsar wetland recognition, intangible-heritage inscription and UNESCO tentative listing are distinct. Hypothetical datasets and policy proposals are labelled as practice material.

Scope and revision

Checked 29 October 2026. These focused state-GK and GS books do not cover every examination subject or recent event. No previous-paper frequency analysis is claimed. Verify changing recruitment rules, schemes, office-holders, boundaries and travel conditions separately. Source titles are clickable; historical descriptions are not present-day visitor advice.

Try first - check answers later

01 / Statehood

Manipur attained statehood on which date?

A. 21 January 1972
B. 1 May 1960
C. 15 August 1947
D. 26 January 1950

02 / Reorganisation

Which Act provided for Manipur's statehood in 1972?

A. Indian Councils Act, 1909
B. States Reorganisation Act, 1956
C. North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971
D. Government of India Act, 1935

03 / Capital

Which city is the capital of Manipur?

A. Agartala
B. Aizawl
C. Kohima
D. Imphal

04 / International border

Manipur shares an international border with which country?

A. Bhutan
B. Nepal
C. Bangladesh
D. Myanmar

Try first - check answers later

05 / Political history

Manipur's merger into India took effect on which date?

A. 14 April 1944
B. 23 April 1891
C. 15 October 1949
D. 21 January 1972

06 / Anglo-Manipur War

Khongjom is associated with the conflict of which year?

A. 1904
B. 1939
C. 1891
D. 1972

07 / Historical site

Kangla is best associated with what role?

A. An observatory in Rajasthan
B. A tea auction centre in Assam
C. A seaport on the Arabian Sea
D. Historic seat of Manipur's rulers

08 / Historic city

Kangla is located in which city?

A. Shillong
B. Imphal
C. Dispur
D. Gangtok

Try first - check answers later

09 / Women's movements

The two historic Nupi Lans occurred in which years?

A. 1857 and 1885
B. 1960 and 1972
C. 1904 and 1939
D. 1942 and 1947

10 / Nupi Lan

Nupi Lan is associated especially with whose mobilisation?

A. Only royal princes
B. Only foreign soldiers
C. Only railway workers
D. Women

11 / Economic history

The 1939 Nupi Lan opposed which issue?

A. A new space-launch policy
B. Rice exports amid local scarcity
C. Closure of a coal port
D. A ban on ocean fishing

12 / INA history

The INA flag was hoisted at Moirang on which date?

A. 15 August 1947
B. 21 January 1972
C. 26 January 1950
D. 14 April 1944

Try first - check answers later

13 / Memorial geography

Which town is associated with an INA Memorial?

A. Moirang
B. Kohima
C. Tawang
D. Puri

14 / District geography

Moirang is in which district?

A. Senapati
B. Bishnupur
C. Tamenglong
D. Ukhrul

15 / Women's enterprise

Ima Keithel is especially known as what?

A. A market run by women
B. An ancient observatory
C. A floating power station
D. A tiger reserve

16 / Market location

Ima Keithel is located in which city?

A. Chennai
B. Imphal
C. Panaji
D. Lucknow

Try first - check answers later

17 / Living heritage

Sankirtana of Manipur combines which activities?

A. Ritual singing, drumming and dancing
B. Only stone carving
C. Only boat building
D. Only metal casting

18 / Heritage year

Sankirtana of Manipur was inscribed on the UNESCO Representative List in which year?

A. 1944
B. 1972
C. 1990
D. 2013

19 / Martial tradition

Thang-Ta is best described as what?

A. A wetland bird
B. A martial art of Manipur
C. A pottery kiln
D. A river in Gujarat

20 / Traditional sport

Sagol Kangjei is associated with which sport?

A. Tennis
B. Polo
C. Cricket
D. Volleyball

Try first - check answers later

21 / Crafts

Longpi is especially associated with which craft?

A. Glass bangles
B. Marble inlay
C. Carpet knotting
D. Black pottery

22 / Wetland geography

Which lake is famous for floating phumdis?

A. Loktak
B. Pulicat
C. Sambhar
D. Chilika

23 / Wetland science

What are phumdis?

A. Solid blocks of glacier ice
B. Coral reefs in seawater
C. Artificial concrete islands only
D. Floating masses of vegetation, soil and organic matter

24 / Ramsar recognition

Loktak was designated a Ramsar site in which year?

A. 2013
B. 1972
C. 1990
D. 1949

Try first - check answers later

25 / National park

Which park is associated with Loktak's floating habitat?

A. Keibul Lamjao
B. Periyar
C. Kaziranga
D. Gir

26 / Wildlife

Sangai is which type of animal?

A. Freshwater dolphin
B. Wild buffalo
C. Brow-antlered deer
D. Hornbill

27 / Conservation term

Protecting Sangai in its natural habitat is an example of what?

A. In-situ conservation
B. Industrial zoning
C. Ex-situ conservation only
D. Mineral extraction

28 / Rare flower

Shirui Lily is naturally associated with which district?

A. Ukhrul
B. Jiribam
C. Imphal West
D. Bishnupur

Try first - check answers later

29 / State flower

Which flower is identified as Manipur's state flower?

A. Rhododendron arboreum
B. Blue poppy
C. Lotus
D. Shirui Lily

30 / Heritage status

The cited Keibul Lamjao Conservation Area page belongs to which UNESCO category?

A. Confirmed World Heritage inscription
B. Intangible-heritage performance list
C. Tentative List submission
D. Global Geopark award

31 / Primary sector

A household catching fish for sale primarily undertakes what activity?

A. Banking in the tertiary sector
B. Manufacturing in the secondary sector
C. Fishing in the primary sector
D. Software publishing

32 / Heritage care

Which action best protects a historic site?

A. Use marked paths and avoid damaging structures
B. Write a name on an old wall
C. Discard waste in a moat
D. Remove objects as souvenirs

Try first - check answers later

33 / Percentage

A practice market survey covers 240 stalls. If 25% sell textiles, how many is that?

A. 40
B. 80
C. 60
D. 120

34 / Profit

A pot costs Rs 400 to make and sells for Rs 500. What is the profit percentage on cost?

A. 30%
B. 25%
C. 20%
D. 10%

35 / Reasoning

Complete: 5, 9, 13, 17, __.

A. 24
B. 22
C. 20
D. 21

36 / Computer basics

Which spreadsheet function calculates the mean of numeric cells C2 to C6?

A. =MAX(C2:C6)
B. =AVERAGE(C2:C6)
C. =MIN(C2:C6)
D. =COUNT(C2:C6)

Try first - check answers later

37 / English

Choose the correct verb: The traders ___ their accounts daily.

A. check
B. checks
C. has checked
D. is checking

38 / Information literacy

Which source should confirm a changed examination date?

A. A comment without evidence
B. The latest applicable official notice
C. An undated forwarded message
D. An old classroom timetable

39 / Public service

Which approach best supports fair access to a public service?

A. No explanation for rejection
B. Published criteria and accessible help
C. Hidden application requirements
D. Priority only for personal acquaintances

40 / Timeline

Which event happened earliest?

A. Manipur statehood
B. Moirang INA flag hoisting
C. Khongjom conflict
D. Second Nupi Lan

Answer key + explanations

01 / Answer A

21 January 1972. Manipur became a state on 21 January 1972.

Evidence: H1

02 / Answer C

North-Eastern Areas (Reorganisation) Act, 1971. Distinguish the Act's year, 1971, from the statehood date in 1972.

Evidence: H1

03 / Answer D

Imphal. The official visitor information identifies Imphal as Manipur's capital.

Evidence: G1

04 / Answer D

Myanmar. MHA lists Manipur among the states on the India-Myanmar border.

Evidence: G2

05 / Answer C

15 October 1949. The police history distinguishes the 1949 merger from later statehood.

Evidence: H2

Answer key + explanations

06 / Answer C

1891. Khongjom is a key place associated with the Anglo-Manipur conflict of 1891.

Evidence: H2

07 / Answer D

Historic seat of Manipur's rulers. The district account describes Kangla as a historic seat of power.

Evidence: C1

08 / Answer B

Imphal. Kangla is an important historical landmark in Imphal.

Evidence: G1, C1

09 / Answer C

1904 and 1939. NCERT records the two women-led movements in 1904 and 1939.

Evidence: H4

10 / Answer D

Women. Nupi Lan refers to historic women-led resistance in Manipur.

Evidence: H4

Answer key + explanations

11 / Answer B

Rice exports amid local scarcity. The movement challenged rice exports when local food availability was under pressure.

Evidence: H2, H4

12 / Answer D

14 April 1944. The district memorial account records 14 April 1944.

Evidence: H3

13 / Answer A

Moirang. Moirang's memorial preserves the local connection with the INA.

Evidence: H3

14 / Answer B

Bishnupur. The official Bishnupur district page locates the memorial at Moirang.

Evidence: H3

15 / Answer A

A market run by women. The district source identifies it as a women's market in Imphal.

Evidence: C2

Answer key + explanations

16 / Answer B

Imphal. Ima Keithel is an important market and cultural institution in Imphal.

Evidence: C2

17 / Answer A

Ritual singing, drumming and dancing. The listed element combines performance traditions rather than a single built monument.

Evidence: C3

18 / Answer D

2013. The relevant recognition is the 2013 intangible-cultural-heritage inscription.

Evidence: C3

19 / Answer B

A martial art of Manipur. IGNCA identifies Thang-Ta as a Manipuri martial art.

Evidence: C4

20 / Answer B

Polo. Manipur Tourism connects Sagol Kangjei with the development of modern polo.

Evidence: C5

Answer key + explanations

21 / Answer D

Black pottery. The tourism account highlights Longpi's distinctive pottery tradition.

Evidence: C6

22 / Answer A

Loktak. Phumdis are a characteristic feature of Loktak Lake in Manipur.

Evidence: N1, N2

23 / Answer D

Floating masses of vegetation, soil and organic matter. Phumdis are buoyant organic and soil-rich mats.

Evidence: N2

24 / Answer C

1990. The Ramsar record gives the designation date as 23 March 1990.

Evidence: N1

25 / Answer A

Keibul Lamjao. Keibul Lamjao protects floating-meadow habitat associated with Loktak.

Evidence: N2

Answer key + explanations

26 / Answer C

Brow-antlered deer. Sangai is the brow-antlered deer associated with Keibul Lamjao.

Evidence: N2

27 / Answer A

In-situ conservation. In situ means within the natural habitat; ex situ means outside it.

Evidence: N2; general science application

28 / Answer A

Ukhrul. The Ukhrul portal identifies Shirui Hill as the flower's habitat.

Evidence: N4

29 / Answer D

Shirui Lily. Manipur Tourism identifies the Shirui Lily as the state flower.

Evidence: C6

30 / Answer C

Tentative List submission. A tentative listing is a preparatory step and is not an inscription.

Evidence: N3; checked 29 October 2026

Answer key + explanations

31 / Answer C

Fishing in the primary sector. Fishing obtains a natural resource and belongs to the primary sector.

Evidence: Editorial economics application

32 / Answer A

Use marked paths and avoid damaging structures. Responsible conduct protects physical evidence and visitor spaces.

Evidence: C1 for site context; editorial application

33 / Answer C

60. 240 x 25/100 = 60. These are hypothetical survey figures.

Evidence: Editorial arithmetic

34 / Answer B

25%. Profit = Rs 100; 100/400 x 100 = 25%.

Evidence: Editorial arithmetic

35 / Answer D

21. The constant difference is four.

Evidence: Editorial reasoning

Answer key + explanations

36 / Answer B

=AVERAGE(C2:C6). AVERAGE returns the arithmetic mean of the numeric values.

Evidence: Editorial computer literacy

37 / Answer A

check. The plural subject traders agrees with check in the simple present.

Evidence: Editorial language practice

38 / Answer B

The latest applicable official notice. The relevant recruiting body's current notice should settle date changes.

Evidence: EX1; editorial source judgement

39 / Answer B

Published criteria and accessible help. Clear rules and accessible assistance reduce arbitrary barriers.

Evidence: Editorial governance application

40 / Answer C

Khongjom conflict. The respective years are 1891, 1939, 1944 and 1972.

Evidence: H1–H4

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

EX1 / Manipur PSC: MCS combined competitive syllabus, 2022

mpscmanipur.gov.in

EX2 / Manipur Gazette: recruitment scheme PDF (access limited)

manipurgovtpress.nic.in

H1 / Manipur PSC: statehood and commission history

www.mpscmanipur.gov.in

H2 / Manipur Police: Khongjom, Nupi Lan and merger history

manipurpolice.gov.in

H3 / Bishnupur district: INA Memorial, Moirang

bishnupur.nic.in

H4 / NCERT: Women Icons from North East India

ejournals.ncert.gov.in

G1 / Government Youth Hostel: Imphal and visitor landmarks

www.youthhostelimphal.nic.in

G2 / Ministry of Home Affairs: international border geography

www.mha.gov.in

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

C1 / Imphal West district: Kangla Fort

imphalwest.nic.in

C2 / Imphal West district: Ima Keithel

imphalwest.nic.in

C3 / Sangeet Natak Akademi: Sankirtana and its 2013 inscription

indiaich-sna.in

C4 / IGNCA: Thang-Ta, martial art of Manipur

ignca.gov.in

C5 / Manipur Tourism: indigenous games and Sagol Kangjei

manipurtourism.gov.in

C6 / Manipur Tourism: Shirui Lily festival and Longpi pottery

manipurtourism.gov.in

N1 / Ramsar Sites Information Service: Loktak Lake

rsis.ramsar.org

N2 / NASA Earth Observatory: floating islands of Loktak

science.nasa.gov

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

N3 / UNESCO Tentative List: Keibul Lamjao Conservation Area

whc.unesco.org

N4 / Ukhrul district: Shirui Hill and lily habitat

ukhrul.nic.in

Read sources in context

EX1 is the official 2022 syllabus, not proof of the latest scheme for every recruitment. EX2 is listed as a research lead with an access limitation; it is not used to establish an exam pattern.

N1 contains historical ecological information; it is not a current field survey. N3 is a tentative-list submission, not a World Heritage inscription. C3 concerns intangible cultural heritage, a different UNESCO mechanism.

Flower discovery dates differ across public pages and are excluded. Calculations, sample figures, policy choices and rubrics are editorial practice. Historical facts do not describe current security, access or visitor arrangements.