Maharashtra

Mains answer-writing practice

16 original descriptive questions + model answers

Revised edition: expanded state GK + three visual revision pages.

Higher level: sixteen analytical prompts, each with a roughly 150-175-word model response and a suggested 10-mark self-assessment guide.

These are original practice questions, not previous-year questions or an official mock. This focused first collection does not replace an exam-specific syllabus.

Language: English. Core focus: history, geography, heritage, governance, development, environment and institutions.

This edition emphasises stable concepts. It is not a current-affairs digest; verify changing schemes, office-holders, district boundaries and budget figures separately.

How to use this book

Write your response before reading the model. Use the marking guide to check coverage, accuracy and structure. Marks and word targets are practice choices.

Research and scope - page 2
Visual revision - page 3
Start practice - page 6
Source register - page 22

What the exam research tells us

1 / Foundation recruitment scope

The police constable amendment dated 23 June 2022 names arithmetic, GK/current affairs, intelligence and Marathi grammar [EX2]. It informs topic choice, not an unchanged current scheme. This English supplement cannot replace Marathi preparation, physical tests or other recruitment-specific requirements.

2 / MPSC evidence and access

The previously retrieved MPSC syllabus and corrigendum inform broad GS and analytical themes [EX1, EX3]. The current official register again returns a JavaScript-only page, and document routes were unavailable in this pass [P4]. A complete amendment check remains open; no current marks or weightages are asserted.

3 / Implemented expansion

80 basic MCQs, 64 advanced MCQs and 16 mains prompts. Added 40/40/8 items and strengthened nine retained advanced option sets. New work covers legislative Houses, functional distinctions, Mahad, Quit India, Gokhale, press/literature, regional water, agriculture and dated data.

4 / Visual revision and practice

Three vector pages cover rain-shadow/project associations, a historical timeline and Census 2011 literacy with House-strength cards. Schematics are not exact maps. Original questions, not PYQs or official mocks. Writing targets and 10-mark rubrics are editorial; difficulty is not learner-calibrated.

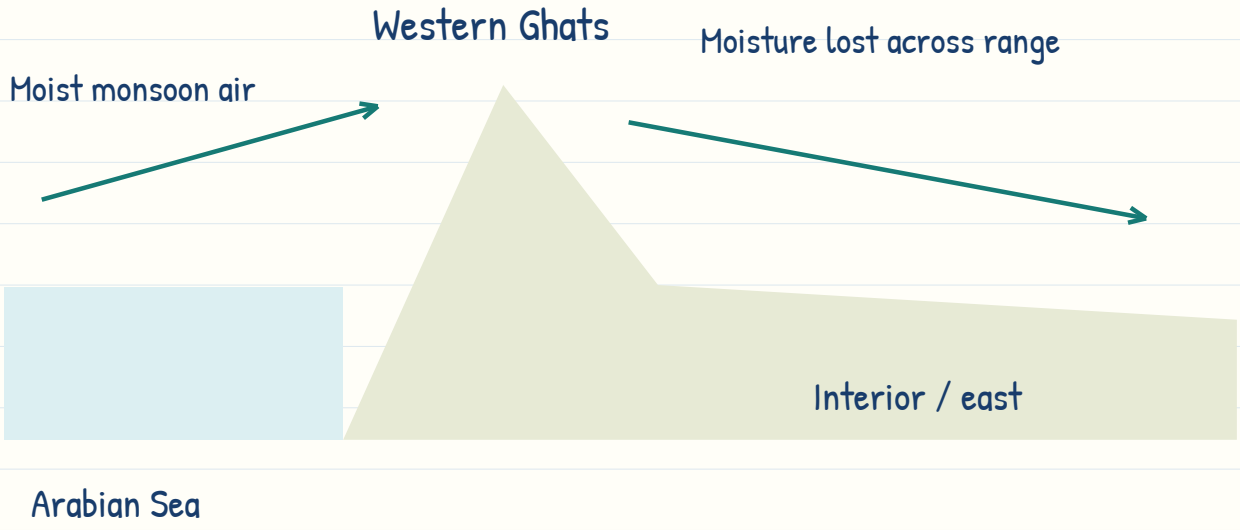
5 / Dates and interpretation

Checked 29 October 2026. Sources distinguish factual anchors from proposed policies and hypothetical calculations. Historical literacy is not a current estimate. This focused state-GK/GS supplement is not a full syllabus course; prepare Marathi, national GS and current affairs separately.

Visual revision / 1

Water geography / relief and project associations

Conceptual west-east section. Not a scale profile or boundary map.



Upper Godavari study: parts east of the Ghats lie in the rain shadow. This pattern does not make rainfall identical across the interior. [G5]

Jayakwadi [G7]

River: Godavari
Basin: Godavari

Koyna [G7]

River: Koyna
Basin: Krishna

Do not swap river and basin names. Storage capacity is different from dependable supply and actual delivery to users.

Selected relationships only. Rainfall, field conditions, competing demand and maintenance all matter for planning. [G5, G6; editorial application]

Visual revision / 2

Timeline / attach each year to its own event

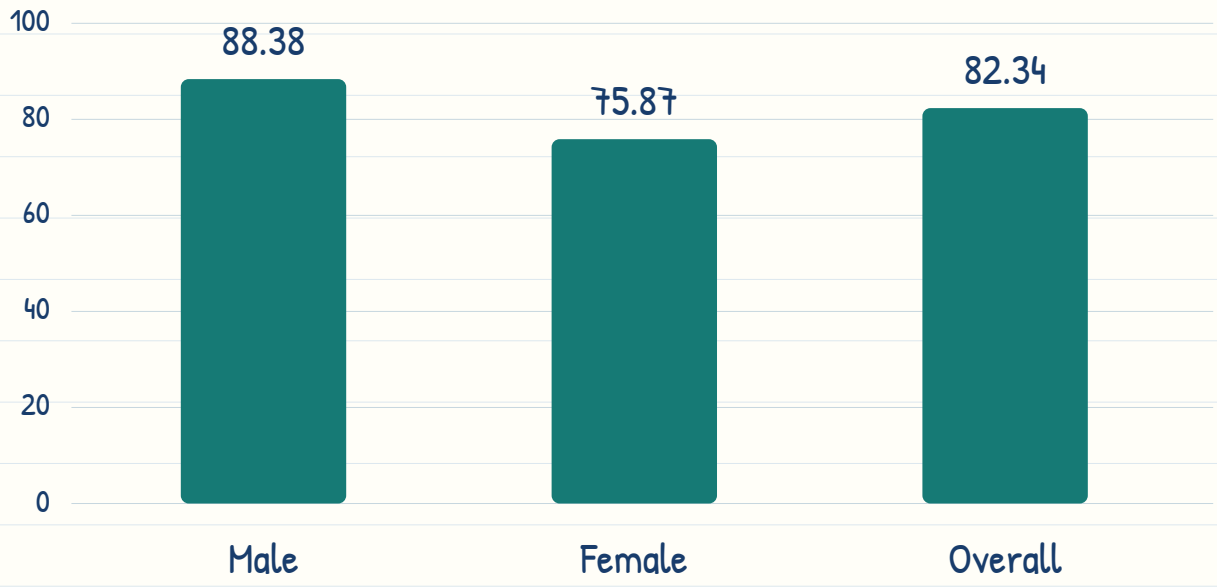
- **1674** — Shivaji coronation / Raigad [H2]
- **1848** — Phules' girls school / Pune [H3]
- **1873** — Satyashodhak Samaj / Jyotirao Phule [H4]
- **1905** — Servants of India Society / Gokhale [H8]
- **1927** — Mahad / Ambedkar and public access [H5]
- **1942** — Quit India speech / Gowalia Tank [H6]
- **1960** — Maharashtra formation / 1 May [H1]
- **2025** — Maratha landscapes / UNESCO inscription [C4]

1927 includes distinct March and December Mahad episodes. UNESCO inscription is a recognition date, not the forts' construction date. Chronology alone does not prove causation.

Visual revision / 3

Literacy / Census 2011, percent [D1]

Historical rates, not 2026 estimates. Bars start at zero.



Male - female = 12.51 percentage points.
Relative to the female rate: 12.51 / 75.87 x 100 = about 16.49%.

Assembly [P1]

288 seats
Lower House / Vidhan Sabha

Council [P1]

78 members
Upper House / Vidhan Parishad

Combining literacy rates requires age-eligible population weights. 288 + 78 = 366 is an arithmetic drill, not a rule about joint legislative voting.

Write, compare, improve

01 / Education and equality

Explain how the Phules' work can inform inclusive education policy today.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

Jyotiba and Savitribai Phule opened a girls school in Pune in 1848. Jyotirao later founded Satyashodhak Samaj in 1873. Their work connects access to knowledge with challenges to caste and gender exclusion, making education a question of dignity as well as literacy.

A contemporary response should identify who is absent, irregular or unable to learn. Schools need accessible buildings, safe travel, suitable sanitation and financial support based on assessed disadvantage. Admission procedures should be transparent, and families should have practical help with documentation.

Participation alone is insufficient. Teachers need support to address discriminatory behaviour and diverse learning needs. Classroom materials should present marginalised groups with respect. Confidential grievance channels and meaningful parent participation can make inclusion part of everyday administration.

Progress should be reviewed through attendance, learning and completion, disaggregated where appropriate while protecting privacy. Independent checks and community feedback should test whether support reaches excluded learners. The aim is sustained educational opportunity, rather than ceremonial remembrance alone.

Self-assessment

Historical anchors: 2 | Barriers and measures: 4 | Evaluation and dignity: 3 | Structure: 1

Evidence / basis: H3, H4; editorial policy analysis. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

02 / Military landscapes

Why should Maratha forts be conserved as landscapes and networks?

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

The Maratha Military Landscapes of India, inscribed by UNESCO in 2025, comprise twelve forts across Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu. Their significance extends beyond individual walls: defensive systems developed in relation to hills, coastlines, movement and strategic locations.

Conservation should therefore document connections among structures, terrain and access routes. Structural assessments, drainage checks and compatible repairs can reduce deterioration. New facilities should be evaluated for their effects on the setting, archaeological evidence and visitor safety before construction is approved.

Tourism should follow site conditions rather than a uniform expansion model. Marked paths, trained guides, waste collection and limits at vulnerable locations can improve access while reducing pressure. Local residents and heritage workers should help shape decisions and receive fair opportunities from visitor services.

Management requires coordination across components, clear responsibilities and transparent maintenance funding. Monitoring should record structural condition, environmental pressure and community concerns alongside visitor numbers. Inscription is recognition of inherited value; protecting that value requires continuing evidence, expertise and public cooperation.

Self-assessment

Landscape argument: 3 | Conservation measures: 3 | Communities and governance: 3 | Structure: 1

Evidence / basis: C4; editorial conservation analysis. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

03 / Cave heritage

Compare Ajanta and Ellora and suggest a responsible visitor-management approach.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

Ajanta is renowned for Buddhist painting and sculpture, while Ellora contains rock-cut monuments associated with Buddhism, Hinduism and Jainism. The comparison shows both a shared rock-cut heritage and important differences in religious representation and artistic emphasis.

Interpretation should explain these distinctions through reliable signage and trained guides. Visitors should understand that a recognition date is different from a construction period. Descriptions must avoid treating every cave as identical or reducing complex historical traditions to a single attractive image.

Management should respond to the vulnerabilities of each space. Monitoring fragile surfaces, controlling contact, maintaining appropriate routes and enforcing site-specific photography rules can reduce damage. Accessible interpretation should assist visitors who cannot safely enter every area, without requiring intrusive alterations to sensitive fabric.

Local employment in guiding, transport and visitor services can strengthen support for conservation. Authorities should track monument condition, congestion and resident feedback as well as receipts. A successful plan preserves evidence for future study while offering an informed and respectful public experience.

Self-assessment

Accurate comparison: 3 | Practical protection: 3 | Interpretation and inclusion: 3 | Structure: 1

Evidence / basis: C1, C2; editorial conservation analysis. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

04 / Water security

Propose a district water-security plan without assuming every new structure is useful.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

A sound district water plan begins with a water budget, not a construction target. Officials should map sources, seasonal availability, household demand, agricultural use and vulnerable settlements. River-source knowledge, including the Godavari near Trimbakeshwar and Krishna near Mahabaleshwar, provides geographical context but does not replace local measurements.

Immediate priorities include reliable drinking-water access, repair of leaks and maintenance of existing assets. Proposed recharge or storage works need suitable geology, safe design and an identified maintenance body. Structures that cannot function at the chosen location waste both money and public trust.

Farm support should connect water availability with efficient irrigation and locally appropriate crop decisions. Community discussions must include smallholders, landless households and women, whose needs can be missed when consultation depends only on land ownership.

Review should compare actual supply reliability, water quality and distribution with the baseline. Public expenditure records and complaint tracking can reveal failures early. Rainfall uncertainty calls for contingency arrangements and repeated assessment, rather than promises based on one favourable season.

Self-assessment

Diagnosis and geography: 2 | Feasible measures: 4 | Equity and evaluation: 3 | Structure: 1

Evidence / basis: G1, G2; editorial planning scenario. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

05 / Coastal urban resilience

Suggest an integrated approach to flood resilience in a coastal city such as Mumbai.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

Mumbai lies on the Konkan coast and faces the planning challenges of a large coastal city. Flood resilience should connect rainfall, drainage, land use and exposure rather than rely on a single engineering project. Local evidence must identify vulnerable streets, services and households.

Authorities should inspect and maintain drainage, remove obstructions through lawful procedures and map runoff pathways. Proposed development needs assessment of its effects on water movement. Protecting natural drainage and suitable coastal ecosystems should complement infrastructure where supported by site conditions.

Preparedness requires clear warnings, accessible shelters, safe evacuation routes and coordination among transport, health and emergency services. Messages should reach people with disabilities and residents who lack reliable digital access. Drills can reveal gaps before an emergency.

Implementation must avoid transferring risk from one neighbourhood to another. Consultation, transparent works schedules and grievance resolution can improve legitimacy. Progress should be measured through reduced disruption, quicker response and fair access to assistance, using updated local records rather than unsupported claims that any city can eliminate flood risk entirely.

Self-assessment

Integrated diagnosis: 3 | Infrastructure and preparedness: 3 | Equity and monitoring: 3 | Structure: 1

Evidence / basis: G4; editorial urban-planning analysis. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

06 / Living heritage

How can Maharashtra support Paithani and Warli livelihoods while respecting cultural agency?

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

Paithani weaving and Warli painting illustrate different forms of Maharashtra's living heritage. Paithani is associated with textile clusters such as Paithan and Yeola, while Palghar's cultural account highlights Warli painting. Supporting these traditions requires attention to the people who practise them.

Public programmes should consult artisans about priorities, credit their work and pay agreed fees. Training should compensate experienced practitioners and make participation feasible for younger learners. Contracts must explain ownership, permitted reproduction and payment terms in language participants understand.

Market support can include reliable product information, direct sales opportunities and assistance with digital catalogues. Authenticity claims should be evidence-based. Designers and sellers should avoid presenting copied motifs or machine-produced goods as the personal work of a named artisan without consent.

Success should be assessed through artisan earnings, timely payment, sustained skills and control over representation. Visitor numbers and publicity alone cannot demonstrate benefit. Community participation in review and accessible complaints processes help ensure that heritage promotion strengthens livelihoods without turning cultural identity into an unpaid marketing resource.

Self-assessment

Accurate examples: 2 | Fair livelihood measures: 4 | Agency and evaluation: 3 | Structure: 1

Evidence / basis: C5, C6; editorial cultural-policy analysis. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

07 / Environmental governance

Develop a monitoring framework for Lonar Lake and Tadoba-Andhari without treating them as identical sites.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

Lonar is a meteorite-impact lake in basalt and an internally draining basin. Tadoba-Andhari is a tiger reserve in Chandrapur. Both require environmental governance, but their different ecological settings demand different indicators, expertise and management priorities.

At Lonar, monitoring should examine water quality, inflows, waste sources and changes in the surrounding catchment. A closed basin makes accumulated pollutants and dissolved salts important concerns. Investigations should distinguish natural variation from human pressures before recommending intervention.

For Tadoba-Andhari, priorities should include habitat condition, wildlife disturbance, connectivity and interactions with nearby communities. Tourism needs enforceable rules and evidence-based limits. Local participation and transparent benefit arrangements can strengthen cooperation, while compensation and complaints procedures should be accessible and timely.

Both sites need a recorded baseline, consistent sampling methods, public summaries and clear responsibility for corrective action. Independent review can test whether spending produces ecological improvement. The framework should therefore share accountability principles while retaining site-specific science, rather than measuring success only through publicity, ticket receipts or designation status.

Self-assessment

Site distinctions: 3 | Appropriate monitoring: 3 | Accountability and communities: 3 | Structure: 1

Evidence / basis: N1, N2; editorial environmental framework. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

08 / Administrative ethics

An influential applicant pressures you to divert a heritage grant. What should an officer do?

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

A heritage grant must serve its published purpose through a fair and documented process. An influential applicant's request should be examined against the same criteria as every other proposal. Personal pressure is not evidence of eligibility or public benefit.

The officer should record the communication, check the applicable rules and seek the required technical and financial assessments. Any conflict of interest must be disclosed and managed through the authorised procedure. Decisions should rely on verified documents, conservation need and lawful approval powers.

If pressure continues, the officer should use designated supervisory or vigilance channels while preserving relevant records. Applicants should receive clear reasons and information about legitimate review routes. Confidential information must remain protected; transparency does not justify publishing private details or making untested public accusations.

The wider response should strengthen the process through published criteria, traceable approvals and checks on delivery and expenditure. Eligible applicants must not lose access because they lack connections. This approach combines integrity, procedural fairness and accountability while keeping the heritage objective central to the final decision.

Self-assessment

Ethical issues: 2 | Lawful response and records: 4 | Fairness and safeguards: 3 | Structure: 1

Evidence / basis: Editorial ethics scenario; apply actual governing rules. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

09 / Institutional literacy

Explain how an exam guide should distinguish Maharashtra's legislative Houses, judiciary, SEC, MPSC and RBI.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

Institutional revision should connect each body with its role rather than group every office in Mumbai under state administration. Maharashtra has a bicameral legislature: a 288-seat Legislative Assembly and a 78-member Legislative Council. Vidhan Sabha and Vidhan Parishad must be distinguished.

The Bombay High Court has its principal seat in Mumbai. A seat location is not a complete statement of jurisdiction or procedure, so particular legal questions require the applicable rules. The State Election Commission administers local-government elections, while MPSC concerns public-service recruitment.

RBI's Central Office moved to Mumbai in 1937, before Maharashtra's formation in 1960. Its national functions should not be confused with state legislative or municipal responsibilities. Similarly, adding House strengths gives an arithmetic total rather than a rule about joint voting.

A reliable guide pairs these distinctions with sources and dates changing details separately. Current recruitment instructions and amendments need verification from the relevant authority. Functional understanding helps students avoid plausible matching errors and conclusions unsupported by an address alone.

Self-assessment

House facts 3; functional distinctions 4; source limits 2; clarity 1. Total 10.

Evidence / basis: P1; P2; P3; EX1; I1; H1. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

10 / Reform and civic equality

Compare the Phules' education work with Ambedkar's Mahad campaign while preserving their historical distinctions.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

The Phules' Pune school of 1848 and Jyotirao Phule's Satyashodhak Samaj of 1873 challenged barriers to knowledge and social equality. Ambedkar's Mahad campaign in 1927 asserted equal access to public water and civic dignity. They offer related concerns in different historical settings.

A comparison should examine the specific forms of exclusion, participants, institutions and methods involved. Education reform and action over public resources cannot be reduced to one identical programme. The March and December Mahad episodes also require distinction because immediate events and legal circumstances differed.

Evidence should separate contemporary records from later commemorative accounts. Source dates are not event dates, and claims about motives or outcomes need direct support. Recognising shared concerns does not establish identical leadership or organisation.

For present administration, the comparison raises questions about practical access as well as formal rules. Transparent procedures, assistance for excluded users and credible grievance resolution can support equality. These are editorial policy implications, not claims that a historical movement itself specified every modern institutional arrangement.

Self-assessment

Accurate anchors 3; comparison 3; historical method 2; qualified application 2. Total 10.

Evidence / basis: H3; H4; H5. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

11 / Language, literature and interpretation

Suggest principles for presenting Dnyaneshwari and Marathi press history in a public study resource.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

A public resource should distinguish literary interpretation from factual attribution. The Gazetteer identifies Dnyaneshwar's Dnyaneshwari, also called Bhavartha-Deepika, as a Marathi commentary on the Bhagavad Gita. The cited PIB account links Kesari with Tilak, Agarkar and Chiplunkar.

Present each work within its own purpose and historical setting. A religious commentary and a modern newspaper are different forms of communication; sharing a language does not make their authorship, audience or political role identical. Evaluative praise should not be presented as a measurable universal ranking.

Translations and extracts need a named source version, clear attribution and identification of editorial choices. Publication dates of a modern edition must be separated from the original work's creation. Uncertain details should be checked rather than filled with familiar associations.

Accessible summaries can help readers enter difficult texts while preserving a route to fuller sources. Review should test factual accuracy, readability and whether readers understand the distinctions. The aim is informed engagement with language heritage and public communication, supported by provenance rather than unsupported slogans.

Self-assessment

Accurate associations 3; contextual distinctions 3; provenance 3; clarity 1. Total 10.

Evidence / basis: C7; H7; editorial interpretation. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

12 / Regional water planning

Explain why Maharashtra's water planning should distinguish rainfall gradients, river basins and actual delivery.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

The Upper Godavari study describes moisture loss across the Western Ghats and lower rainfall in parts to the east. This regional pattern helps explain water constraints, but it does not establish identical conditions across all interior districts or farms.

Project identification also needs precision. Jayakwadi is on the Godavari; Koyna dam is on the Koyna in the Krishna basin. River and basin columns should not be exchanged. A schematic can organise these associations without claiming to show exact courses or boundaries.

Planning must then assess seasonal supply, competing demands, water quality and the operation of existing assets. Reservoir capacity and canal-head release do not prove timely access at the tail. Proposals should include realistic maintenance and the distribution of costs and benefits.

Monitoring should combine hydrological measurements with actual household and farm outcomes under comparable conditions. Efficient use per hectare needs assessment alongside total irrigated area. Regional geography provides the framework; local evidence determines whether a particular intervention is feasible, fair and useful.

Self-assessment

Geographic anchors 3; project distinctions 2; delivery analysis 3; monitoring 2. Total 10.

Evidence / basis: G5; G7; editorial planning. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

13 / Agriculture and regional advice

How should an agricultural programme use the Maharashtra Kharif advisory without turning it into a uniform statewide prescription?

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

The ICAR Kharif 2025 advisory identifies crops such as rice, cotton, soybean, pulses and millets and organises recommendations by region. It is a dated technical guide, not proof that every district grows the same crops or requires identical inputs.

Programme design should begin with crop choice, soil tests, moisture conditions and local management constraints. Sowing and input decisions need the applicable season's advice rather than automatic reuse of an older recommendation. Field diagnosis helps distinguish nutrient stress, water shortage and other causes of poor performance.

Support should also address access to extension, markets and working capital where evidence shows a constraint. More output does not guarantee higher income when input, transport or financing costs rise. Smaller producers may face different adoption barriers and risks.

Evaluation should compare net returns, resource use and reliability under relevant weather and market conditions. Farmer feedback can explain variation hidden by averages. A programme succeeds when practical support improves outcomes across intended users, rather than merely distributing a standard package or recording training attendance.

Self-assessment

Advisory context 2; local diagnosis 3; livelihood analysis 3; evaluation 2. Total 10.

Evidence / basis: G6; original agricultural-policy analysis. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

14 / Literacy and evidence

Interpret Maharashtra's Census 2011 literacy chart and explain what is needed for present policy evaluation.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

The statistics dashboard reports Maharashtra's Census 2011 literacy rates as 88.38 percent for males, 75.87 for females and 82.34 overall. The sex difference is 12.51 percentage points. Relative to the female rate, that difference is approximately 16.49 percent.

These calculations answer different questions. Subtracting rates gives percentage points; a relative percentage requires an explicit denominator. Combining subgroup rates requires the relevant age-eligible population weights and consistent definitions. A simple mean should not automatically be substituted for the overall rate.

The chart is historical and statewide. It does not establish current district conditions, school learning scores or the effect of a recent programme. Aggregates can conceal differences in access and outcomes within the population.

Evaluation needs newer comparable observations and a design that examines baseline conditions, implementation and alternative explanations. Participation, retention and learning may provide complementary measures. Clear reporting separates observed rates, derived arithmetic and proposed explanations, allowing the chart to inform questions without making claims beyond its date and coverage.

Self-assessment

Accurate reading 3; arithmetic 3; aggregation 2; evaluation limits 2. Total 10.

Evidence / basis: D1; derived analysis. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

15 / Producer organisations and livelihoods

Design an evaluation of a hypothetical producer-marketing initiative for Maharashtra's artisans or farmers.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

A producer-marketing initiative should be assessed against the economic constraints it intends to address. Higher gross sales may be encouraging, but they do not alone establish higher earnings for participating households.

Record quantities, realised prices, input costs, transport, commissions, returns and payment delays before and after implementation. Use suitable comparisons while documenting seasonality, product quality and market changes. Administrative records should be checked against producer experience and transaction evidence.

Examine access and distribution. Smaller producers may face minimum-volume requirements, travel costs or delayed payment that limit participation. Transparent contracts and clear charges help participants judge whether the service is useful. Training and digital platforms should be tested for continued use rather than counted only at launch.

The main outcome should include net returns for comparable production, alongside payment reliability and risk. Report who benefits and who remains excluded, with appropriate privacy safeguards. Phased implementation can reveal weaknesses before expansion and keep claims of success tied to observed outcomes rather than publicity or membership totals.

Self-assessment

Outcome definition 2; comparison and costs 4; distribution 2; cautious attribution 2. Total 10.

Evidence / basis: Original hypothetical economy case. Editorial model answer.

Write, compare, improve

16 / Integrated district evidence

A district proposes irrigation repairs, satellite crop monitoring and artisan grants. Suggest a common accountability framework.

Practice target: about 150 words | Suggested marks: 10 | Try: 10 minutes

Model answer

The framework should start with the distinct problems each intervention addresses while using common standards of evidence and fairness. Irrigation repairs target reliable water delivery, crop monitoring supports agricultural information, and artisan grants seek viable livelihood improvements.

For irrigation, compare release with actual delivery across head and tail locations. Satellite products need suitable dates, resolution and field validation; mapped acreage is different from yield or household profit. Artisan support should track relevant costs, net earnings and payment reliability rather than publicity alone.

Each intervention needs a baseline, assigned responsibilities, maintenance or operating resources and accessible correction routes. Beneficiaries should understand selection criteria and service arrangements. Financial records must be reconciled with functioning assets and completed services, while personal information remains protected.

Review outcomes under comparable weather and market conditions and examine how benefits differ across groups and settlements. A single dashboard can present progress, but it should retain definitions, dates and limitations. Common accountability therefore means traceable evidence and responsive administration, while keeping the technical measures appropriate to each intervention.

Self-assessment

Distinct objectives 2; technical measures 3; accountability 3; comparison and limits 2. Total 10.

Evidence / basis: S1; G5 context; original integrated case. Editorial model answer.

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

EX1 / MPSC: State Services syllabus (official PDF)

mpsc.gov.in

EX2 / Maharashtra Police: constable amendment, 23 June 2022

www.mahapolice.gov.in

EX3 / MPSC: syllabus corrigendum (official PDF)

mpsc.gov.in

H1 / Maharashtra Tourism: Maharashtra Din

maharashtratourism.gov.in

H2 / Ministry of Tourism: Shiv Rajyabhishek celebration

utsav.gov.in

H3 / PIB: Jyotiba and Savitribai Phule, girls education

www.pib.gov.in

H4 / PIB: Jyotirao Phule and Satyashodhak Samaj

www.pib.gov.in

C1 / UNESCO: Ajanta Caves

whc.unesco.org

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

C2 / UNESCO: Ellora Caves

whc.unesco.org

C3 / UNESCO: Elephanta Caves

whc.unesco.org

C4 / UNESCO: Maratha Military Landscapes of India

whc.unesco.org

C5 / Palghar district: Warli painting and cultural heritage

palghar.gov.in

C6 / PIB: Paithani weaving and its craft clusters

www.pib.gov.in

G1 / Nashik district: Trimbakeshwar and Godavari source

nashik.gov.in

G2 / Satara district: Mahabaleshwar and river sources

www.satara.gov.in

G3 / Maharashtra Tourism: Kalsubai Peak

maharashtratourism.gov.in

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

G4 / Mumbai City district: capital and Konkan coast

mumbaicity.gov.in

N1 / Ramsar Convention: Lonar Lake designation and formation

www.ramsar.org

N2 / Forest Department: Tadoba-Andhari Tiger Reserve

mytadoba.mahaforest.gov.in

I1 / RBI: institutional history and Central Office

systemhealth.rbi.org.in

P1 / CPA: Maharashtra bicameral legislature and House strengths

www.cpahq.org

P2 / Supreme Court of India: High Court jurisdiction and principal seats

www.sci.gov.in

P3 / Maharashtra SEC: local-government election responsibilities

mahasec.maharashtra.gov.in

P4 / MPSC: official syllabus register, JavaScript access limitation

mpsc.gov.in

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

G5 / MWRRA: Upper Godavari study, October 2024; rainfall and rain shadow

mwrra.maharashtra.gov.in

G6 / ICAR: Kharif Agro-Advisories 2025, Maharashtra regional section

icar.gov.in

G7 / CWC: National Register of Specified Dams, project and river table

dharma.cwc.gov.in

H5 / Supreme Court: Ambedkar and Mahad Satyagraha, historical account

www.sci.gov.in

H6 / PIB: Mumbai and the Quit India speech, 8 August 1942

www.pib.gov.in

H7 / PIB: Tilak, Agarkar, Chiplunkar and Marathi newspaper Kesari

www.pib.gov.in

H8 / Maharashtra Governor: Gokhale and Servants of India Society, 1905

rajbhavan-maharashtra.gov.in

C7 / Maharashtra Gazetteers: language/literature, Dnyaneshwari

gazetteers.maharashtra.gov.in

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

D1 / Maharashtra CES dashboard: Census 2011 literacy rates

mahaces.maharashtra.gov.in

S1 / ISRO: agriculture and soil, remote-sensing applications

www.isro.gov.in

Read sources in context

EX1–EX3 remain dated documents. Current MPSC amendment status is not fully reconciled because the register requires JavaScript and the PDF routes were unavailable. Use your applicable notice and amendments for official instructions.

D1 is Census 2011: male 88.38%, female 75.87%, overall 82.34%. Derived rate differences use percentage points. House-strength arithmetic does not define joint legislative procedure.

G5 and G6 are dated 2024/2025 technical contexts. They do not prescribe current advice for every farm. G7 uses some older district names; only stable river/project relations are used. Historical accounts and Gazetteer praise are not evidence for every possible claim. Models and cases are editorial.