Nagaland

Advanced MCQ practice

24 original MCQs + explained answers

State GK and state-linked general studies, in one PDF.

Higher level: chronology, statements, evidence checks, data interpretation and policy applications. A bridge towards graduate-level state-service preparation.

These are original practice questions, not previous-year questions or an official mock. This focused first collection does not replace an exam-specific syllabus.

Language: English. Core focus: history, geography, heritage, governance, development, environment and institutions.

This edition emphasises stable concepts. It is not a current-affairs digest; verify changing schemes, office-holders, district boundaries and budget figures separately.

How to use this book

Attempt every item before opening the answers. Record uncertain answers and revise the explanation. One correct option per question; no official marking scheme is implied.

Research and scope - page 2
Start practice - page 3
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What the exam research tells us

Entry-level exam evidence

The NSSB common syllabus includes Naga history/culture, broader GK, English and comprehension, basic computer, arithmetic and reasoning. It specifies objective questions and makes applicability subject to relevant recruitment rules. This foundation collection samples state GK and selected skills; its question mix does not reproduce an official mock or subject weightage. [EX1]

Higher-level exam evidence

The June 2026 NPSC syllabus includes conceptual prelims, broader GS and a Nagaland mains paper covering history, culture, geography, economy, governance and society. Its scan was downloaded, read with OCR and visually checked. The implementation notice applies it from the next advertisement effective 2026; check your cycle. [EX2, EX3]

Three editorial levels

Basic uses direct recall and one-step tasks. Advanced adds statements, chronology, evidence and calculations. Mains has eight analytical prompts, model answers and suggested 10-mark rubrics. These difficulty labels, timings and word targets are editorial choices. All questions are original; no previous-paper frequency analysis is claimed.

State focus and evidence

Topics link statehood and the 1944 Kohima battle with Article 371A, village development, festivals, Morung learning, Kisama, Saramati, Intanki and community conservation. Official sources anchor facts. Dataset figures and policy scenarios are hypothetical. Cultural associations do not imply that every community or individual follows identical practices.

Scope and revision

Checked 29 October 2026. These books supplement full syllabus and current-affairs study. Verify schemes, boundaries, office-holders and recruitment instructions separately. Conflicting peak heights and changing district counts are excluded. Sources are clickable; historical tourism descriptions are not current schedules or access advice.

Try first - check answers later

01 / Chronology

Select the correct earliest-to-latest sequence.

A. 1960 agreement - Kohima battle - VDB experiment - statehood
B. Kohima battle - 1960 agreement - statehood - VDB experiment
C. Kohima battle - VDB experiment - statehood - agreement
D. Statehood - Kohima battle - agreement - VDB experiment

02 / Political milestones

Which statement is supported by the historical sources?

A. Nagaland became a state during the 1944 battle
B. The 1960 agreement preceded 1963 statehood
C. The VDB experiment preceded the 1960 agreement
D. Statehood and the 1960 agreement were the same event

03 / Constitutional precision

Which interpretation of Article 371A(1)(a) is most accurate?

A. It concerns enumerated subjects and an Assembly-resolution mechanism
B. It makes every village a sovereign country
C. It excludes every parliamentary law without qualification
D. It abolishes every role of the state legislature

Try first - check answers later

04 / Listed subjects

Which pair is expressly covered by Article 371A(1)(a)?

A. Every foreign treaty; every national election
B. Naga customary law; ownership and transfer of land and resources
C. Only rail fares; only postal tariffs
D. Only school timetables; only sports fixtures

05 / Institutional planning

A project involves customary land arrangements and public funding. What should happen first?

A. Let a sponsor approve all land use informally
B. Assume customary matters remove all need for procedure
C. Treat every village arrangement as identical
D. Identify applicable law, rights, permissions and responsibilities

06 / Culture matching

Which set is correctly matched?

A. Sekrenyi - Ao; Moatsu - Lotha; Tokhu Emong - Angami
B. Sekrenyi - Lotha; Moatsu - Angami; Tokhu Emong - Ao
C. Sekrenyi - Sumi; Moatsu - Konyak; Tokhu Emong - Pochury
D. Sekrenyi - Angami; Moatsu - Ao; Tokhu Emong - Lotha

Try first - check answers later

07 / Cultural diversity

What is the soundest use of the state festival table?

A. Treat all languages and customs as one system
B. Assume one festival explains every institution
C. Identify associations without assuming uniform beliefs or practices
D. Infer that every person celebrates identically

08 / Morung learning

Which programme best supports meaningful transmission of traditional knowledge?

A. Treating display buildings as sufficient proof of learning
B. Recording elders without permission for unrestricted sale
C. Excluding practitioners from curriculum decisions
D. Paid community-led teaching with consent and safe participation

09 / Migratory ecology

Why should Amur Falcon protection address roosting habitat and disturbance?

A. Migratory birds need no resting areas
B. A legal label alone guarantees habitat quality
C. Migration depends on usable stopover sites as well as protection of birds
D. Every roost has identical conditions throughout the year

Try first - check answers later

10 / Community conservation

Which inference from Khonoma is best supported?

A. Tourist growth automatically proves habitat recovery
B. Community involvement removes the need for monitoring
C. Every conservation rule is identical across Nagaland
D. Community organisations can contribute to conservation and tourism

11 / Habitat connectivity

Why consider Intanki together with adjoining forest landscapes?

A. Species and ecological processes can cross administrative boundaries
B. Adjoining land use cannot affect the park
C. A park boundary stops all animal movement
D. Only ticket revenue determines habitat value

12 / Mithun livelihoods

Which support package best combines mithun livelihoods and responsible husbandry?

A. Appropriate veterinary support, forage planning and fair market information
B. Replacing local consultation with publicity alone
C. Assuming every household has equal land and resources
D. Sales targets without animal-health assessment

Try first - check answers later

13 / Peak-height evidence

Official pages give different precise heights for Saramati. How should a revision book respond?

A. Average the figures and call the result official
B. Use whichever figure makes a larger headline
C. Retain the verified identity and flag or omit the disputed number
D. Treat the disagreement as proof the peak does not exist

14 / Source freshness

An older district page places a lake under an administrative unit. What is the sound next step?

A. Replace the lake's name with a district count
B. Assume every old boundary remains unchanged
C. Verify current boundaries before asserting its present district
D. Infer new boundaries from a tourist photograph

15 / Village development

Which project-selection method best supports accountable VDB planning?

A. Recorded needs, feasible designs and transparent selection criteria
B. Counting proposals without assessing function
C. Approval only for influential acquaintances
D. Omitting maintenance costs from every decision

Try first - check answers later

16 / Hill infrastructure

Which assessment best supports a rural hill-road proposal?

A. Only an inauguration date
B. Slope stability, drainage, access needs and maintenance
C. Only the shortest line on a flat map
D. Only the number of signboards proposed

17 / Survey subsets

In a sample of 600 households, 50% farm; 30% of those use improved storage. How many do both?

A. 90
B. 180
C. 150
D. 300

18 / Weighted mean

A sample course has 25 learners averaging 64 and 15 averaging 80. What is the combined mean?

A. 74
B. 72
C. 70
D. 68

Try first - check answers later

19 / Successive change

A hypothetical fee falls 20% and then rises 25%. What is the net change?

A. 5% decrease
B. 10% increase
C. No change
D. 5% increase

20 / Per-visitor indicator

Practice waste is 150 kg for 500 visitors, then 180 kg for 750. How does waste per visitor change?

A. It falls by 50%
B. It falls by 20%
C. It rises by 20%
D. It stays unchanged

21 / Logic

All inspected projects have condition reports. Project X has a report. What follows necessarily?

A. X may or may not have been inspected
B. No inspected project has a report
C. X cannot have been inspected
D. X must have been inspected

Try first - check answers later

22 / Evaluation

Earnings rise after a training programme. What strengthens an impact claim?

A. Discarding information on wider price changes
B. Only testimonials from the highest earners
C. Treating enrolment as equal to income gain
D. Baseline and comparison evidence plus checks for other causes

23 / Digital records

Which practice best protects a community-project spreadsheet?

A. Invent missing costs to match a target
B. Delete the audit trail after approval
C. Publish personal identity documents openly
D. Validate inputs and reconcile totals with source records

24 / Syllabus transition

The June 2026 NPSC notice says the new scheme applies from the next advertisement. What should a candidate do?

A. Apply the new pattern retrospectively to every old exam
B. Check the scheme applicable to their recruitment cycle
C. Use a coaching headline as the final authority
D. Assume NSSB and NPSC patterns are identical

Answer key + explanations

01 / Answer B

Kohima battle - 1960 agreement - statehood - VDB experiment. The sequence is 1944, 1960, 1963 and 1976.

Evidence: H1-H3, P2

02 / Answer B

The 1960 agreement preceded 1963 statehood. The agreement and state inauguration are distinct milestones.

Evidence: H1, H3

03 / Answer A

It concerns enumerated subjects and an Assembly-resolution mechanism. The text specifies subjects; it is not a blanket claim about all parliamentary legislation.

Evidence: P1

04 / Answer B

Naga customary law; ownership and transfer of land and resources. Study the precise enumerated categories and the full provision.

Evidence: P1

Answer key + explanations

05 / Answer D

Identify applicable law, rights, permissions and responsibilities. Legal competence and affected rights require careful assessment and appropriate advice.

Evidence: P1; editorial governance application

06 / Answer D

Sekrenyi - Angami; Moatsu - Ao; Tokhu Emong - Lotha. The state portal distinguishes these community-festival associations.

Evidence: C1

07 / Answer C

Identify associations without assuming uniform beliefs or practices. Community labels support reference, not universal claims about individuals.

Evidence: C1; editorial social analysis

08 / Answer D

Paid community-led teaching with consent and safe participation. Transmission needs people, learning opportunities and fair terms.

Evidence: C3; editorial education application

Answer key + explanations

09 / Answer C

Migration depends on usable stopover sites as well as protection of birds. The Pangti-Doyang example connects species movement with a specific stopover setting.

Evidence: N1; editorial ecological application

10 / Answer D

Community organisations can contribute to conservation and tourism. The account recognises several local organisations and stakeholders.

Evidence: N3

11 / Answer A

Species and ecological processes can cross administrative boundaries. The Forest Department describes a connected forest patch with Assam's Dhansiri forests.

Evidence: N2; editorial ecological reasoning

12 / Answer A

Appropriate veterinary support, forage planning and fair market information. Support should address animal health, resources and household circumstances together.

Evidence: N5 for state context; editorial livelihoods application

Answer key + explanations

13 / Answer C

Retain the verified identity and flag or omit the disputed number. Agreement on the peak's identity does not resolve a numerical discrepancy.

Evidence: H1, G1

14 / Answer C

Verify current boundaries before asserting its present district. Stable site information and changing administrative geography require separate checks.

Evidence: G2; editorial source judgement

15 / Answer A

Recorded needs, feasible designs and transparent selection criteria. Grassroots planning should connect needs, feasibility, implementation and upkeep.

Evidence: P2; editorial planning application

16 / Answer B

Slope stability, drainage, access needs and maintenance. Terrain-sensitive design needs local technical evidence and continuing maintenance.

Evidence: Editorial planning scenario

Answer key + explanations

17 / Answer A

90. 600 x 0.50 x 0.30 = 90. The second percentage applies to farming households.

Evidence: Editorial hypothetical data

18 / Answer C

70. (25 x 64 + 15 x 80)/40 = 70.

Evidence: Editorial arithmetic

19 / Answer C

No change. 0.80 x 1.25 = 1.00; the two changes use different bases.

Evidence: Editorial arithmetic

20 / Answer B

It falls by 20%. 0.30 kg becomes 0.24 kg per visitor; reduction = 0.06/0.30 = 20%.

Evidence: Editorial hypothetical data

Answer key + explanations

21 / Answer A

X may or may not have been inspected. The premise supplies a necessary condition, not its converse.

Evidence: Editorial reasoning

22 / Answer D

Baseline and comparison evidence plus checks for other causes. A before-after association alone does not establish the programme's causal effect.

Evidence: Editorial evaluation scenario

23 / Answer D

Validate inputs and reconcile totals with source records. Accuracy, provenance and privacy support accountable administration.

Evidence: Editorial digital-governance application

24 / Answer B

Check the scheme applicable to their recruitment cycle. Implementation wording matters; later official instructions must also be checked.

Evidence: EX2, EX3

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

EX1 / NSSB: common general-paper syllabus

nssb.nagaland.gov.in

EX2 / NPSC: new civil-services syllabus published June 2026

npsc.nagaland.gov.in

EX3 / NPSC: notice on prospective implementation, 23 June 2026

npsc.nagaland.gov.in

H1 / State portal: statehood, capital, language and borders

www.nagaland.gov.in

H2 / NHIDCL: Kohima War Cemetery and 1944 battle

www.nhidcl.com

H3 / Chief Minister archive: 1960 agreement and state formation

chiefminister.nagaland.gov.in

P1 / Legislative Department: Constitution, Article 371A

www.legislative.gov.in

P2 / Rural Development: origins of Village Development Boards

rd.nagaland.gov.in

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Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

C1 / State portal: communities and festival associations

nagaland.gov.in

C2 / Kohima district: Kisama Heritage Village

kohima.nic.in

C3 / Samagra Shiksha: Morung concept of education

samagra.nagaland.gov.in

N1 / Wokha district: Amur Falcon roosting near Pangti

wokha.nic.in

N2 / Forest Department: Intanki National Park

forest.nagaland.gov.in

N3 / DIPR: community conservation at Khonoma

ipr.nagaland.gov.in

N4 / State Biodiversity Board: state animal and bird

nsbb.nagaland.gov.in

N5 / ICAR: mithun and its importance in Nagaland

icar.gov.in

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

G1 / Kiphire district: Mount Saramati and border setting

kiphire.nic.in

G2 / Phek district archive: Shilloi Lake and Lutsam village

phek.nic.in

Read sources in context

EX1 is a common syllabus subject to post-specific rules. EX2 and EX3 must be read together for the revised pattern and its prospective application. Editorial practice marks and word limits here are not official examination instructions.

P1 is an official Constitution edition; consult Article 371A itself for its complete provisions. Source C2 is older: only stable venue information is used, not its historical festival dates. G2 is an older district page; no current district assignment is inferred.

Official pages give different Saramati heights, so no precise elevation is tested. Historical ecological accounts are not current population surveys. Calculations, planning measures, ethical cases and rubrics are original editorial practice; apply actual governing rules in real cases.