Sikkim

Advanced MCQ practice

24 original MCQs + explained answers

State GK and state-linked general studies, in one PDF.

Higher level: chronology, statements, evidence checks, data interpretation and policy applications. A bridge towards graduate-level state-service preparation.

These are original practice questions, not previous-year questions or an official mock. This focused first collection does not replace an exam-specific syllabus.

Language: English. Core focus: history, geography, heritage, governance, development, environment and institutions.

This edition emphasises stable concepts. It is not a current-affairs digest; verify changing schemes, office-holders, district boundaries and budget figures separately.

How to use this book

Attempt every item before opening the answers. Record uncertain answers and revise the explanation. One correct option per question; no official marking scheme is implied.

Research and scope - page 2
Start practice - page 3
Answers and explanations - page 11
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What the exam research tells us

Clerical exam evidence

The SPSC LDC 2022 syllabus combines English with GK and basic computer knowledge. English includes objective and conventional tasks; the GK-computer paper is objective. The indexed syllabus was readable, though direct PDF retrieval timed out. Basic here denotes foundation difficulty; this state-GK supplement is not a complete LDC mock. [EX1]

Higher exam evidence

SPSC's question-bank index lists 2025 combined prelims papers in GS and aptitude, and mains papers in English and three GS divisions. Some scanned papers and the older detailed syllabus were not readable in this research. We use verified paper labels, without claiming exact topic coverage or analysing question frequency. [EX2, EX3]

Editorial practice levels

Basic uses recall and one-step skills. Advanced adds chronology, statements, evidence checks, data and policy trade-offs. Mains offers eight analytical prompts and model answers. Difficulty, timings, word targets and 10-mark rubrics are editorial practice choices. All questions are original; broader national GS and language preparation remain necessary.

Sikkim focus

Statehood, Yuksom, constitutional change, rivers, sacred landscapes, state symbols, festivals, organic farming, cardamom, tea, springs and disaster resilience anchor this collection. Official sources support facts. Numerical datasets and administrative cases are hypothetical. Policy proposals are editorial. Cultural associations do not imply identical beliefs or practices among all residents.

Dates and limits

Checked 29 October 2026. State Day convention is distinguished from technical constitutional commencement provisions. Changing district counts, permits, office-holders, wildlife totals and production shares are excluded. Historical ecological descriptions are not current censuses. Use current recruitment notices and the full applicable syllabus; this is focused state-GS practice.

Try first - check answers later

01 / Chronology

Choose the correct earliest-to-latest sequence.

A. 1975 statehood - 1642 consecration - 2023 flood - 2016 declaration
B. 1642 consecration - 1975 statehood - 2016 organic declaration - 2023 flood
C. 2023 flood - 2016 declaration - statehood - consecration
D. 2016 declaration - 1642 consecration - statehood - flood

02 / Constitutional precision

Which pairing is correct?

A. Forty-second Amendment - Article 371A
B. Thirty-sixth Amendment - Article 371F
C. Seventy-third Amendment - Article 371F
D. Eighty-sixth Amendment - Article 370

03 / Historical capitals

Which distinction is supported by the tourism report?

A. Yuksam was the first capital; Rabdentse was the second
B. Gangtok was the 1642 consecration site
C. Rabdentse and Gangtok were the same settlement
D. Yuksam was founded only after 1975

Try first - check answers later

04 / Geographical orientation

Which set is correctly associated with Sikkim?

A. Nepal-south; Bhutan-north; Punjab-east
B. Nepal-west; Bhutan-east; West Bengal-south
C. Bhutan-west; Nepal-east; Kerala-south
D. Bangladesh-west; Myanmar-east; Gujarat-south

05 / River systems

Which statement is supported by the state geography account?

A. Teesta and Rangeet are major rivers linked to Sikkim's landscape
B. Teesta is a lake in central Rajasthan
C. Both rivers originate in the Thar Desert
D. Rangeet is a marine channel in the Arabian Sea

06 / Altitude and ecology

Why does Khangchendzonga contain contrasting ecological zones?

A. No glaciers or alpine areas occur there
B. Its large vertical range creates varied climatic and habitat conditions
C. Every elevation has identical temperature and vegetation
D. Only latitude matters, never elevation

Try first - check answers later

07 / Mixed heritage

Which management approach best fits Khangchendzonga's heritage values?

A. Consider biodiversity and sacred cultural relationships together
B. Protect only visitor souvenir shops
C. Treat cultural meanings as irrelevant to the landscape
D. Assume natural and cultural values cannot overlap

08 / Species information

An older official nature page gives outdated animal taxonomy. What should a writer do?

A. Assume state-animal status proves the stated family
B. Replace every symbol with an invented one
C. Repeat every statement because the page is official
D. Verify classification separately while using supported symbol facts

09 / Cultural interpretation

Which statement about Pang Lhabsol is best supported?

A. It is only a modern agricultural price index
B. Every resident must hold an identical belief
C. It honours Khangchendzonga in a culturally significant tradition
D. It celebrates a mountain in the Western Ghats

Try first - check answers later

10 / Organic chronology

Which distinction matches the PIB backgrounder?

A. Organic declaration and 1975 statehood were the same event
B. Formal declaration occurred only after the 2023 flood
C. Agricultural conversion was completed in 2015; formal declaration followed in 2016
D. Sikkim became organic before the 1642 consecration

11 / Organic outcomes

Which evaluation best tests whether organic farming benefits cultivators?

A. An assumption of guaranteed premiums
B. Net income, soil condition, compliance costs and market access
C. Only the number of promotional banners
D. Only the date of a declaration

12 / Cash-crop diversity

Which comparison is correctly matched?

A. Large cardamom-spice; mandarin-citrus; Temi-tea
B. Large cardamom-fibre; mandarin-mineral; Temi-rubber
C. Large cardamom-cereal; mandarin-coal; Temi-jute
D. Large cardamom-oilseed; mandarin-cotton; Temi-iron

Try first - check answers later

13 / Springshed reasoning

Why should spring revival use hydrogeological assessment?

A. Recharge areas and groundwater movement may differ from visible surface drainage
B. Mapping is unnecessary in all mountain terrain
C. One identical trench design works everywhere
D. Every spring is supplied only by its outlet

14 / Water evaluation

Which measure best tests spring-revival success?

A. Only a photograph taken after rain
B. Only spending without outcomes
C. Only the number of pits dug
D. Seasonal discharge, water quality, reliability and user experience

15 / Disaster risk

Which approach best addresses GLOF exposure?

A. Assume every glacier lake is harmless forever
B. Rely on a sensor without communication or maintenance
C. Link monitoring with warnings, evacuation planning and land-use assessment
D. Count tourist vehicles as a substitute for hazard assessment

Try first - check answers later

16 / Causal caution

What is the soundest interpretation of the 2023 event?

A. Infer that every future flood will follow the same sequence
B. Treat all glacier lakes as identical
C. Use the documented event and examine contributing processes with evidence
D. Assume one headline proves every causal detail

17 / Mountain tourism

Which plan best balances mountain tourism with local interests?

A. Assess waste, water, habitat, safety and local earnings before expansion
B. Use visitor numbers as the only success measure
C. Treat all sacred places as unrestricted event venues
D. Assume one old permit guide remains current forever

18 / Ethical delivery

A hypothetical relief queue favours connected applicants. What response is strongest?

A. Make supplies conditional on public praise
B. Delete complaints without checking
C. Hide the queue and distribute through personal contacts
D. Apply published need-based criteria, keep records and allow review

Try first - check answers later

19 / Percent change

Sample craft revenue rises from Rs 64,000 to Rs 80,000. What is the increase?

A. 20%
B. 125%
C. 16%
D. 25%

20 / Weighted average

A sample group sells 20 items at Rs 200 and 80 at Rs 300. What is the mean price?

A. Rs 260
B. Rs 280
C. Rs 300
D. Rs 250

21 / Water storage

A hypothetical tank has 36,000 litres. At constant use of 1,200 litres daily, how long will it last without inflow or loss?

A. 36 days
B. 40 days
C. 24 days
D. 30 days

Try first - check answers later

22 / Coverage target

A hypothetical warning drill reaches 420 of 600 households. How many more must be reached to achieve 90% coverage?

A. 540
B. 60
C. 120
D. 180

23 / Data integrity

A village appears under two spellings in a sample spreadsheet. What should the analyst do?

A. Publish whichever total is larger
B. Automatically count two villages
C. Delete both records without checking
D. Verify identifiers and reconcile aliases before totals

24 / Exam evidence

How should an unreadable older syllabus be handled?

A. Present this practice book as the complete official paper
B. Assume another state's syllabus is identical
C. Disclose the limit and consult the current official syllabus
D. Invent its detailed contents

Answer key + explanations

01 / Answer B

1642 consecration - 1975 statehood - 2016 organic declaration - 2023 flood. The sequence separates early monarchy, statehood, agricultural transition and disaster history.

Evidence: H2, H1, E1, D2

02 / Answer B

Thirty-sixth Amendment - Article 371F. The Thirty-sixth Amendment inserted Article 371F for Sikkim.

Evidence: P1

03 / Answer A

Yuksam was the first capital; Rabdentse was the second. The report distinguishes the two historical capitals.

Evidence: C2

04 / Answer B

Nepal-west; Bhutan-east; West Bengal-south. The official geography accounts support the first orientation.

Evidence: G1, G2

Answer key + explanations

05 / Answer A

Teesta and Rangeet are major rivers linked to Sikkim's landscape. The department describes the two principal river systems.

Evidence: G1, G2

06 / Answer B

Its large vertical range creates varied climatic and habitat conditions. UNESCO describes pronounced altitudinal gradients and ecosystem diversity.

Evidence: N1

07 / Answer A

Consider biodiversity and sacred cultural relationships together. UNESCO recognises connected natural and cultural significance.

Evidence: N1; editorial management inference

08 / Answer D

Verify classification separately while using supported symbol facts. Source authority does not remove the need to check individual claims. N2 is used only for symbols.

Evidence: N2; editorial source judgement

Answer key + explanations

09 / Answer C

It honours Khangchendzonga in a culturally significant tradition. The cultural account describes an association, not a universal statement about personal belief.

Evidence: C1

10 / Answer C

Agricultural conversion was completed in 2015; formal declaration followed in 2016. Certification progress and formal declaration are different milestones.

Evidence: E1

11 / Answer B

Net income, soil condition, compliance costs and market access. A policy label does not by itself establish farm-level results.

Evidence: E1 for context; editorial evaluation

12 / Answer A

Large cardamom-spice; mandarin-citrus; Temi-tea. The sectoral sources distinguish these agricultural products.

Evidence: E2–E4

Answer key + explanations

13 / Answer A

Recharge areas and groundwater movement may differ from visible surface drainage. The Dhara Vikas account emphasises aquifer-centred mapping and suitable recharge measures.

Evidence: D1

14 / Answer D

Seasonal discharge, water quality, reliability and user experience. Construction measures alone cannot establish lasting water security.

Evidence: D1 for context; editorial evaluation

15 / Answer C

Link monitoring with warnings, evacuation planning and land-use assessment. Monitoring must be part of a functioning protective system.

Evidence: D2, D3; editorial risk-management inference

16 / Answer C

Use the documented event and examine contributing processes with evidence. The needs assessment is an event anchor; causal explanation requires careful evidence.

Evidence: D2; editorial research reasoning

Answer key + explanations

17 / Answer A

Assess waste, water, habitat, safety and local earnings before expansion. Tourism planning must consider ecological capacity, residents and current instructions.

Evidence: N1, G1 for context; editorial planning case

18 / Answer D

Apply published need-based criteria, keep records and allow review. Impartial criteria and review protect dignity and accountability.

Evidence: Editorial ethics case

19 / Answer D

25%. 16,000/64,000 x 100 = 25%. These are hypothetical figures.

Evidence: Editorial quantitative aptitude

20 / Answer B

Rs 280. (20 x 200 + 80 x 300)/100 = Rs 280.

Evidence: Editorial data interpretation

Answer key + explanations

21 / Answer D

30 days. 36,000/1,200 = 30 days under the stated assumptions.

Evidence: Editorial quantitative aptitude

22 / Answer C

120. 90% of 600 is 540; 540 - 420 = 120.

Evidence: Editorial data interpretation

23 / Answer D

Verify identifiers and reconcile aliases before totals. Entity validation prevents double counting and careless loss of valid records.

Evidence: Editorial ICT

24 / Answer C

Disclose the limit and consult the current official syllabus. Paper labels and accessible extracts do not establish every current examination requirement.

Evidence: EX1-EX3; editorial source judgement

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

EX1 / SPSC: LDC 2022 scheme and syllabus

spsc.sikkim.gov.in

EX2 / SPSC: official question-bank index, including 2025 combined exams

spsc.sikkim.gov.in

EX3 / SPSC: archived notices and recruitment-specific documents

spsc.sikkim.gov.in

H1 / State government: State Day and 1975 statehood

www.sikkim.gov.in

H2 / State Tourism: Yuksom and the 1642 consecration

www.sikkimtourism.gov.in

H3 / State anniversary portal: Namgyal dynasty and first Chogyal

50yearsofstatehood.sikkim.gov.in

P1 / Legislative Department: Constitution, Thirty-sixth Amendment Act

www.legislative.gov.in

G1 / Tourism Department: borders and main rivers

www.sikkim.gov.in

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

G2 / State portal: geography, rivers and mountain ranges

www.sikkim.gov.in

N1 / UNESCO: Khangchendzonga National Park

whc.unesco.org

N2 / State portal: nature and state symbols

www.sikkim.gov.in

C1 / Culture Department: festivals and community associations

www.sikkim.gov.in

C2 / Tourism inception report: Yuksam and Rabdentse

sikkimtourism.gov.in

E1 / PIB: Sikkim organic transition and 2016 declaration

static.pib.gov.in

E2 / Agriculture Department: large cardamom

agri.sikkim.gov.in

E3 / Commerce and Industries: Temi Tea Estate

industries.sikkim.gov.in

Source register

Source IDs beside answers map to the links below. Blue source titles are clickable. Research checked 29 October 2026.

E4 / Horticulture Department: Sikkim mandarin

www.sikkim.gov.in

D1 / State government: Dhara Vikas and springshed management

www.sikkim.gov.in

D2 / SSDMA: 2023 glacial lake outburst flood needs assessment

ssdma.nic.in

D3 / SSDMA: monitoring, early warning and preparedness activities

www.ssdma.nic.in

Read sources in context

EX1 concerns the 2022 LDC syllabus. EX2 verifies paper labels, not detailed scanned contents. EX3 links recruitment documents. Some PDFs timed out or exceeded retrieval limits; no exact current paper-weightage or full-syllabus claim is made.

P1 is the original amendment text, including transitional provisions. State Day is observed on 16 May; no technical legal-commencement date is tested. Tourism descriptions contain legends and older statistics: only identified stable facts are used.

N2 has outdated taxonomy: it is used for state symbols, not animal classification. D2 provides a historical event anchor; causal details and damage totals are not tested. Current travel access and safety instructions require fresh official advisories.